



#### **OGP** commitment templates

## Appendix to the second Dutch National Action Plan (January 2016 – June 2018)

The second Dutch National Action Plan was published on December 15th 2015 for the period 2016-2017. The term of this action plan has been extended to June 2018 to be in line with the OGP national action plan cycles. In consultation with OGP, the extension of the action plan has been taken as an opportunity to review whether the formulation of the commitments is sufficiently SMART and up-to-date. This has led to a more precise formulation of some of the texts.

OGP has designed templates for each commitment in the action plan. On the following pages you will find the updated commitments of June 2017. The revised texts are marked up in green.

This document should be read alongside the Dutch National Action Plan 'Open Government in the Netherlands', which provides the context of the commitments.

For any questions, feedback and/or comments, please contact us at the point of contact for all commitments: <a href="mailto:actieplan@open-overheid.nl">actieplan@open-overheid.nl</a>. By sending an e-mail we are more than happy to get you in touch with the lead implementing agencies of the Dutch National Action Plan.

Commitment Template  1. National Open Data Agenda			
1 January 201	.6 – June 2018	New commitment	
Lead implem	enting agency	Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations	
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	All other departments, municipalities, water boards and provinces	
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups		
·	em addressed by the itment	As an increasing number of public sector authorities place their data in the public domain, it is necessary to establish an appropriate structure for the databases and identify the requirements which they must meet. At the same time, civil society organisations have called on the government to accelerate the process of making its data available.	
Main o	bjective	Increase the availability of open datasets on data.overheid.nl.	
Brief description	of commitment	All Dutch ministries work active to increase the number and quality of available datasets. This commitment is carried out through the national open data agenda, the national policy framework.	
OPG challenge address	ed by the commitment	Access to information, public accountability, civic participation and technology and innovation.	
Relev	vance	As an increasing number of public sector authorities place their data in the public domain, it is necessary to establish an appropriate structure for the databases and identify the requirements which they must meet. At the same time, civil society organisations have called on the government to accelerate the process of making its data available. <sup>1</sup>	

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¹ 'Onze Overheid, Onze Informatie', the manifesto of the Social Coalition for Open Government, 2015.

	Ambition	With this commitment, the focuses on an increase of the and on the improvement of metadata of datasets and the portal.	he amount of the quality	of datasets of the
	Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable	and completion date	Start Date:	End Date:
1. 2.	<ul> <li>The portal <a href="https://data.overheid.nl">https://data.overheid.nl</a> is fully access 'usable':</li> <li>It offers data sets that do not fall under any or restrictions of the Dutch Freedom of Information openbaarheid van bestuur, Wob') or under the information regimes. And the re-using of these risks to fundamental rights or privacy. Further the datasets is clear to re-users.</li> <li>The data are free of charge, free of any third-without registration whenever possible, they contain metadata, and are as complete and unthere is a clear license structure for the re-users.</li> <li>The data sets are made available online at data of the criteria above, and they are truly findal ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relation 'findablility' of the data by means of data invecabled 'link checker'. Re-users are able to assed dataset description and of the data. At least 9 data are demonstrably correct.</li> <li>The government-wide inventory of datasets is to updated regularly:</li> <li>Public sector authorities themselves will providatasets in their possession, on the basis of a ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relation.</li> <li>Data owners will produce a schedule for the padatasets using the classifications, 'available', 'consideration' and 'high value'. The inventory made available to the public online through the Data managers of the ministry of the Interior will monitor the schedule using a public data data owners about the status of their planned schedule.</li> </ul>	f the exceptions or tion Act ('Wet lose of other freedom of see datasets will not cause rmore, the public status of party rights, accessible are computerizable, inprocessed as possible. The se of the data. The second accessible. The second accessible and accessible. The second through a sole and accessible and through a sole second through a sole second through a sole of the links to reusable to be repeated and the schedule are second through a solublication of those planned', 'under and the schedule are the data portal.	Jan. 2016	June 2018

### 3. The ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations will monitor progress in publishing datasets through the data.overheid.nl portal:

- The ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations is in charge of setting standards for data descriptions, based on European arrangements (DCAT) and it applies these to its own data portal data.overheid.nl. Data owners apply the DCAT standard to their own datasets.
- Public sector authorities are themselves responsible for the quality of
  the datasets they supply. Should the datasets not meet the quality
  standards, the data managers will contact the data owners to offer their
  help in meeting those standards. The standards are set by the ministry
  and are published on the national data portal. A dataset can be
  removed from the data portal if the quality is unsatisfactory and the
  data owner does not respond.

### 4. The ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations will assist other governments in publishing data:

- The ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations will update the manual for public sector authorities on the publishing of datasets. The updated manual will be made available on the data portal data.overheid.nl.
- The ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations will form a team of data managers to monitor the publishing of datasets and to help public sector authorities make their datasets available through the data portal. This team will also be available for questions concerning technique, licenses and the formatting of data.

# 5. The ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations will offer assistance registering, finding and re-using data:

- Visitors of the data portal data.overheid.nl. can submit requests for the
  publishing of specific datasets by the government. The ministry of the
  Interior and Kingdom Relations will publish these data requests and the
  corresponding results on the data portal.
- An open data users group is to be set up to assess the functioning of the portal. A public session will be held at least 4 times a year, in which data owners, re-users, developers and civil society organisations meet and exchange experiences and ideas.

Commitment Template  2. Stuiveling Open Data Award			
January 2016	2. Stulveling 0 5 – June 2018	New commitment	
Lead impleme	enting agency	Ministry of Interior and Kingdom Relations	
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	The Open Government Expertise Centre (LEOO), ICTU	
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups		
Status quo or problem addressed by the commitment		The government will make as much data as possible freely available to the general public and the business community. If the data is in a form that permits simple re-use and processing, it becomes possible to develop useful new applications in areas such as education and healthcare, or to promote democracy and good governance. As an incentive to the development of new applications, products and services, the government is to introduce the 'Stuiveling Open Data Award', which will be presented to a public or private party who has used open data in an innovative manner to address current societal challenges. The award will encourage both the public and private sectors to learn from each other's experiences.	
Main o	bjective	To stimulate the re-use of open data.	
Brief descriptior	of commitment	The Stuiveling Open Data Award will stimulate this re-use of open data by an annual contest with an amount of 20.000 euro's. To promote and support the competition, a website is to be launched in 2016. It will highlight best practice examples of the re-use of open data.	
OPG challenge address	ed by the commitment	Public accountability, civic participation and technology and innovation for openness and accountability	

	Relevance	The government will make freely available to the gene community. The public valuincrease when (social) entriced develop new application are education and healthcare, and good governance.	eral public and ue of open dat epreneurs use nd services in a	the business a will e it to areas such as
	Ambition	The development of new applications based on ope data, in areas such as education, healthcare, or to promote democracy and good governance. The award will also encourage both the public and private sectors to learn from each other's experiences.		are, or to ce. The c and private
	Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable and completion date		Start Date:	End Date:
1.	<ol> <li>An annual contest to promote the re-use of open data. Each year the winner will receive an amount of €20,000. The Stuiveling Open Data Award will be awarded up until 2020 (five times in total and twice during the duration of this action plan).</li> </ol>			
2.	2. There will be an annual presentation ceremony.		Jan. 2016	June 2018
3.	3. To promote and support the competition, a website is to be launched in 2016. It will highlight best practice examples of the re-use of open data. All entries that meet the competition requirements will be shown on the website (the competition requirements are available online). And the finalists and winner will be showcased more elaborately.			

Commitment Template				
3. ROUTE-TO-PA: Re-use of open data in the Province of Groningen				
1 January 201	L <b>6</b> - June 2018	New commitment		
Lead implem	enting agency	Utrecht University		
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	The Province of Groningen, the municipality of Utrecht, the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations		
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	Wise & Munro (Netherlands), the City of The Hague, the University of Salerno, Ancitel, Comune di Prato (Italy), National de la Recherche Scientifique (France), National University of Ireland, Galway, Dublin City Council, Dublinked (Eire), Warsaw School of Economics (Poland), Ortelio Ltd and the Open Knowledge Foundation (UK)		
·	em addressed by the itment	ROUTE-TO-PA, Raising Open and User-friendly Transparency-Enabling Technologies for Public Administration Project, is a multidisciplinary innovation project, that, by combining expertise and research in the fields of e-government, computer science, learning science and economy, is aiming at improving the impact, towards citizens and within society, of ICT-based technology platforms for transparency. In the specific pilot of Groningen, the University Utrecht explores with the Province of Groningen and other stakeholders the ways in which open data can help to address and resolve social issues.		
Main o	bjective	The re-use of open data to resolve issues relating to population decline.		
Main objective  Brief description of commitment		The university of Utrecht has joined the province of Groningen and other stakeholders in the public and private sectors, civil society organizations and individuals, to explore ways in which open data can help to address and resolve social issues. The project is part of a three-year European Horizon 2020 innovation project entitled ROUTE-TO-PA, in which the social and societal impact of open data is to be assessed. The key objective of the project is to promote the re-use of open data using new IT applications. This will not only make government more transparent but will create new opportunities		

	to resolve societal issues badata.	ased on the us	e of open
OPG challenge addressed by the commitment	This commitment is releval to information, civic partici innovation for openness ar	pation and ted	chnology and
Relevance	The government has an obdata as possible freely availand the business communithat permits simple re-use becomes possible to develon the Groningen project is part and User-friendly Transpar Technologies for Public Add (ROUTE-TO-PA), in which the impact of open data is to be objective of the project is to open data using new IT apponly make government modereate new opportunities to based on the use of open data.	lable to the gety. If the data and processing processing op useful new art of a three-yemme entitled Fency-Enabling ministration Processed. The promote the plications. This are transparent oresolve socies	eneral public is in a form g, it applications. year Raising Open roject ocietal e key e re-use of will not t but will
Ambition	To create new opportunition based on the use of open of		ocietal issues
Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable	and completion date	Start Date:	End Date:
<ol> <li>Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable and completion date</li> <li>A social platform for open data (SPOD) which facilitates interaction between government and the users of open data with regard to one or more societal issues.</li> <li>The development of a Transparency Enhancing Toolset (TET) for government and open data users to accompany the social platform.</li> <li>Formulating guidelines and good practices (GUIDE) on the basis of the project results to ensure more effective use of open data in addressing</li> </ol>		Feb. 2015	June 2018

Commitment Template 4. Active publication of information				
January 2016 – June 2018		Ongoing commitment		
Lead impleme	enting agency	Ministry of Interior and Kingdom Relations		
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	All other ministries and executive		
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups			
·	em addressed by the itment	Although Dutch law provides requirements on open access to public information, in practice the scope of public information available is still limited. This commitment aimed to speed up the process of open access to government information.		
Main o	bjective			
Brief description	Active publication of information  Two pilot projects on open access of research publication opportunities have been started first Dutch action plan. Under the current act the pilot projects commenced under its pred are to be continued and expanded to other ministries, as requested by various civil socie			
OPG challenge address	ed by the commitment	Advancing OGP values of access to information and public accountability		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Onze Overheid, Onze Informatie, September 2015.

	Relevance	Although Dutch law provides clear requirements on open access to public information, in practice the scope of public information available is still limited. This commitment aimed to speed up the process of open access to government information. The general purpose is to enable citizens to be better informed about what happens in government and to help public servants make better use of each other's information. This commitment sought to align Dutch practice on open access with the European Directive on Public Information 2013/37/EU, that came into power in July 2015 with the Re-use of Information Act.		
	Ambition	To expand the pilots of research publication and feasibility assessments to all departments.  Eventually, we will work towards a system which may be described as 'open by design', in which full publication of information is regarded as the norm.		
Mile	estone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable and c	ompletion date	Start Date:	End Date:
<ol> <li>Active publication of research reports:</li> <li>The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport are to join the pilot projects currently being undertaken by Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations, and the Ministry of Education, Culture and Science. They will make their research reports available online (at www.rijksoverheid.nl), except where legitimate grounds for exemption exist. The research reports are made available online within four weeks of the report being finalised, except when more time is required for reasons of accuracy. This can be the case when the research report has to be accompanied by a policy reaction, when internal or external coordination or contra-expertise is required, when the publication of the report coincides with a certain activity or event, if the research report forms part of a series, or when a commitment has been made to the House of Representatives to send parliament the research report together with other documents.</li> <li>The results of these pilots are to be assessed by or on behalf of the Ministry</li> </ol>		Jan. 2016	Nr. 1 March 31st 2016 (pilots)	
(	2. The results of these pilots are to be assessed by or on behalf of the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations. The House of Representatives will be informed of the findings during the latter half of 2016.			Nr. 2, 3 en 4:
r	The extended pilot projects will form the basis for eports, and for the government-wide implement thus developed.			December 31st 2016

4. On the basis of the pilots, a manual will be made available to assist other departments with the development and implementation of the new work process. 5. The Ministry of the Interior will support the government-wide Nr.5:a) December implementation of the new method of working by: 31<sup>st</sup> 2017, a. organising four knowledge sessions (in 2017); b) July 31st b. developing and making available communication tools such as posters and banners; 2017 and c) c. and by evaluating the government-wide active publication of February 1<sup>st</sup> 2018 research projects. Feasibility assessments: 6. A further investigation of opportunities to publish feasibility assessments Nr. 6: will be conducted in 2016. The House of Representatives will be informed January about the outcomes in January 2017 (in a letter of the government to 2017 parliament on the transparency of the legislative process). 7. Based on the results of this investigation, a standard procedure for the Nr. 7: June active publication of feasibility assessments will be developed under the 2018 responsibility of the Ministry of the Interior and the Ministry of Security and Justice (V&J). In addition, the government's online legislative calendar

(https://wetgevingskalender.overheid.nl/) will be improved, so that for

each legislative file all relevant documents are accessible.

Commitment Template			
5. Open about finances: detailed open spending data			
1 January 2016 – June 2018		Ongoing commitment	
Lead impleme	enting agency	Ongoing commitment  Open State Foundation  Provincial authorities, water management authorities, local authorities, the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations.  The Interprovincial Consultative Committee (IP) the Federation of Water Management Authorit (UVW) and the Association of Netherlands Municipalities (VNG).  Open spending financial reports of all Dutch decentral governments are available on an aggregated level. To give more insight in incom	
Other Astona boundered	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	authorities, local authorities, the Ministry of the	
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	Open spending financial reports of all Dutch decentral governments are available on an aggregated level. To give more insight in income and expenditure, the Open State Foundation has been working to release more detailed information. This was a specific request from users (e.g. representatives, civil servants, citizens and journalists). The first detailed reports have been released but more governments need to	
·	em addressed by the itment	decentral governments are available on an aggregated level. To give more insight in income and expenditure, the Open State Foundation has been working to release more detailed information. This was a specific request from users (e.g. representatives, civil servants, citizens and journalists). The first detailed reports have	
Main o	bjective	More detailed financial transparency on the local level.	
Brief description	of commitment	The Open State Foundation will contact and help governments to release their detailed financial information on Openspending.nl and will expand functionality and improve user experience of the website to better suit users.	
OPG challenge address	ed by the commitment	Access to information, public accountability, civic participation and technology and innovation for transparency.	
Relev	vance	Open spending increases access to information because vital financial information is released as open data for the first time. This improves public accountability and participation because users know how money is spend in their government and they can participate and better use the right to challenge. Furthermore open spending pioneers can re-use the financial open data to develop a broad array of apps and tools.	

	Ambition	By releasing more detailed fi Open Spending Detail Data be standard for financial transpa- some early adopters. The mo- governments adopt Open Sp the more normal it will seem governments. This helps to re- number of participants. Thus government transparency as improving accountability, par- of the data.	ecomes to arency. To be decemending Do for othe apidly image a whole	the new here are stral etail Data, r prove the ng and
	Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable	e and completion date	Start Date:	End Date:
2.	1. A handbook, an instruction video and a promotion video on 'detailed open spending data for governments', based on the results achieved in 2016. The handbook will be sent to participating municipalities. The video's will be made available online on the websites <a href="http://openspending.nl/">http://openspending.nl/</a> and <a href="http://openspending.nl/">www.open-overheid.nl</a> .		Jan. 2016	Nr. 1: December 2016  Nr.2: June 2018  Nr.3: December 2016 and December 2017
3.	<ol> <li>Two national workshops on 'Open Spending Data' are to be held (one in 2016 and one 2017).</li> </ol>			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This milestone was added to the Action Plan in June 2017, because two of the previous milestones (the participation of 75 decentral authorities in 2016 and 150 decentral authorities in 2017 in the Detailed Open Spending Data project) turned out not to be feasible. Practice has shown that what is needed first, is to gain experience on a smaller scale with improving the quality and the scale-up potential of the detailed data made available by local governments. The pilots should result in relevant experience gained, which will then be used to reach as many local governments as possible.

Commitment Template			
6. Open local authority decision-making			
1 January 201	6 – June 2018	New commitment	
Lead impleme	enting agency	Association of Netherlands Municipalities (VNG)	
Other Actors Involved	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	Various local authorities and the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations	
Other Actors involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	Open State Foundation, 'Vereniging van Griffier (the Dutch association for municipal registrars)  Much of the 'council information' currently available to the general public and their elected representatives is unstructured and not in an open, machine-readable format. The information on which decisions have been, or are to be, bas is difficult to find. Moreover, it is not possible to compare information produced by different loc authorities, even when relating to the same topic.  Enhancing access to information on which local authorities base their decisions.  The Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations and the Association of Netherlands Municipalities (VNG) have commissioned the Open State Foundation before to run a pilot project in which five local authorities will produ and publish information in a standardised, machine-readable format (as open data). This pilot project will create a basis for the publication	
	em addressed by the itment	available to the general public and their elected representatives is unstructured and not in an open, machine-readable format. The information on which decisions have been, or are to be, based is difficult to find. Moreover, it is not possible to compare information produced by different local authorities, even when relating to the same	
Main o	bjective	Enhancing access to information on which local	
Brief description	of commitment	The Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations and the Association of Netherlands Municipalities (VNG) have commissioned the Open State Foundation before to run a pilot project in which five local authorities will produce and publish information in a standardised,	

	open data will also allow the further innovative applications, websteen as visualisations, websteen as visualisations, websteen as visualisations, websteen as visualisations will have not fulfilling their responsibility.	ions and pro sites and app ew tools to a lities, and th	ducts, os. Elected assist them is will
OPG challenge addressed by the commitment	Access to information, pub participation and technologopenness and accountability	gy and innov	•
Relevance	If the information on which their decisions is made ava will become possible for melected representatives and the decision-making process will also have greater influe open data will also allow the further innovative applications, website the second second in fulfilling their responsibilist strengthen interaction with	ilable as ope embers of the d journalists as more close ence and inpense developm ions and prosites and appensed to a lities, and the	en data, it ne public, to follow ely. They ut. The ent of ducts, os. Elected assist them is will
Ambition	Development of a standard for the publication of information on which local authorities base their decisions as open data, in a form which is reliable, reusable and permits ready comparison. Then all local authorities are supported to adopt this standard by June 2018, whereupon all information currently available in an unstructure form will have been converted to the new, uniform standard and published as open data.		base their is mparison. to adopt all astructured ew,
Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable and completion date		Start Date:	End Date:
1. Development and adoption of a standard for the publication of information as open data, in a form which is reliable, reusable and permits ready comparison. The first version of this standard will be decided upon in 2017, in consultation with suppliers.		Jan. 2016	June 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Reliable: this means that the open data only contains council information which is public (therefore no classified documents) and that the open council information is complete (containing all public council information).

Reusable: data are reusable when they have been made available as open data through an API, Application Programming Interface (4 stars in the open data model by Tim Berners-Lee), in an easy-to-use file format (such as JSON) and when the data are standardised so that a re-user does not need made-to-measure solutions for every municipality.

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>Permits ready comparison</u>: The semantics of the council information should be the same. A council proposal is called 'council proposal' everywhere, not 'proposal' or 'letter by the council'. Furthermore, you agree upon

2.	The standard will have been implemented by all Dutch municipalities by June 30th 2018. The data will be made available as open data once the municipality has given its consent to the supplier. This will allow	
	municipalities to make their open data – currently available in an unstructured form – available as open data according to the new uniform and integrated standard. <sup>5</sup>	

how to call metadata fields, such as date notation and authors etc. This allows the data of 388 different municipalities to be comparable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> <u>Uniform</u>: this is the same as 'Permits ready comparison', see above. <u>Integrated</u>: all council information (irrespective of municipality and supplier) is accessible through a central database (API).

Commitment Template			
7.	. The public officer as profe	essional within the civil society	
January 2016 – June 2018		Ongoing commitment	
Lead implementing agency		Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment	
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	The Ministry of Interior and Kingdom relations	
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	The civil society	
Status quo or problem addressed by the commitment  Status quo or problem addressed by the development and implementation of policy, and must work alongside the social partners. This is always the case in policymaking. The civil societ partners have called for greater investment in public sector staff, and specifically in the development of the skills they need to interact effectively with today's network society. It is a question of further professionalisation.  Professionalizing public officers to interact with civil society.  The Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environm has already done much to involve citizens and society partners. It continues to pursue the am set out in the former action plan and is devotir considerable attention to developing the skills and managers. All activities focus on the attituand behaviour needed to perform effectively with today's network society. The Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment serves as a inspiring role model for other government departments in that it is demonstrating a highlight.		development of the skills they need to interact effectively with today's network society. It is a	
		Professionalizing public officers to interact with the civil society.	
		The Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment has already done much to involve citizens and civil society partners. It continues to pursue the ambitions set out in the former action plan and is devoting considerable attention to developing the skills of staff and managers. All activities focus on the attitudes and behaviour needed to perform effectively within today's network society. The Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment serves as an	
OPG challenge address	ed by the commitment	Civic participation and public accountability	

	Relevance	If there is to be good and effective dialogue, it is essential that the government is open to civil society initiatives. It must actively involve citizens in the development and implementation of policy, and must work alongside the social partners. After all, the government is part of today's networking society. It is no longer 'in charge' but a partner in the performance of the public tasks. The government is expected to 'work and learn alongside the people' 4. The civil society partners have called for greater investment in the public sector staff, and specifically in the development of the skills they need to interact effectively with today's network society. It is a question of further professionalisation.		
	Ambition	To make government more open to public dialogue and civil society initiatives.		
	Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable and completion date			End Date:
2.	<ol> <li>Professionalisation course "The Art of Connecting": In 2018, all policy staff within the Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment will have attended a professionalisation course of 2,5 days, and will be familiar with what the Netherlands School of Public Administration (NSOB) identifies as the four roles of government. In the course the participants will practice and experiment with these four different roles. This will allow them to engage better with participating citizens in the 'energetic society'.</li> <li>Work processes: By the end of 2017, all work processes will have been adapted where necessary to allow staff every opportunity to perform effectively as 'networking officials'.</li> </ol>			June 2018
3.	Approach Strengthening Professional Skills: the (1 <sup>st</sup> milestone) and adapting work processes (2 <sup>nd</sup> sufficient to achieve a change of culture. Therefo Strengthening Professional Skills will start. Differe organized; the approach will last several years. The towards employing the different roles of the network everyday work. Examples of activities are: work, compiling a 'body of knowledge' and settin 'accelerators'. In addition, 10-15 policy dossiers wend of June 2018, in order to understand what be	milestone) are not re, in 2017 the Approach ent activities will be ne activities are all geared working professional in his organizing reflection on g up a network of will be followed before the	Jan. 2016	June 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The NSOB identifies four roles of government: the lawful government, the performing government, the networking government and the responsive, participatory government. http://www.pbl.nl/sites/default/files/cms/publicaties/pbl-2015-nsob-learning-by-doing-government-participation-in-an-energetic-society.pdf

professional entails in practice. For these policy dossiers a learning process will be set up that must lead to tangible results.

- 4. Communities of Practice: staff who have followed the professionalisation course "The Art of Connecting", will come together in a peer review setting and, based on actual case studies, exchange experiences of acting in the different roles. In 2016 and 2017 (at least) 2 community of practice will be organised for managers.
- 5. Management professionalisation: by the end of 2017, all managers within Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment will have received training in interaction with their networking staff. The managers also participate in the professionalisation courses. In addition, extra meetings will be organised specifically for managers before and after the professionalisation courses.
- 6. The Ministry of the Interior (BZK) is currently formulating ambitions for the public sector as a whole. The result of the activities at the Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment will provide further input. For instance by jointly organising sessions on the topic. And by contributing actively to the interdepartmental working group 'interactive policy making'.

Commitment Template				
8. Informal approach to freedom of information requests				
January 2016 – June 2018		New or ongoing commitment		
Lead implementing agency		Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations		
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations and various local authorities		
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	The Open Government Expertise Centre (LEOO)		
Status quo or problem addressed by the commitment		The Public Administration Act (Wet Openbaarheid van Bestuur) entitles a 'stakeholder' (usually a member of the public) to submit an application requesting a public sector authority to give information. In many instances, a request for information leads to unnecessary bureaucracy and can seriously strain the relationship between the applicant and the government department concerned. Both the private sector (citizens and businesses) and government spend millions in hours and euro's every year on complaint, objection and appeal procedures against government decisions. Of the total amount of administrative burdens (red tape) for citizens in the Netherlands 11% is caused by complaint, objection and appeal procedures. The costs of these complaint handling and conflict resolution procedures and the dissatisfaction with them have only increased over the last couple of years. In addition, formalistic and legalistic (written) complaint, objection and appeal procedures have been selected by the Dutch citizens as one of the top ten most pressing bottlenecks in government services.		
Main o	bjective	To stimulate an informal approach by civil servants		
Brief description of commitment		when it handling information requests.  The Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations stimulates and supports an informal pro-active approach for all government organizations.		

	The centerpiece of this approximates in the use of communication techniques to respond quiecitizen contacts, complaint using an interest-based promaking informed decisions concerned citizens which pushes the matter at hand. For that there is a choice to be certain conflict is handled: traditional and legalistic appared to the contact of the certain conflict is handled.	munication and ckly and inform s, objections a blem-solving lic service deligation of a procedure or a pundamentally, made for the the formal, more and the formal, more and the formal, made for the control of the service and and the formal, more and	d mediation hally to hd appeals approach. very by the oproach best this means way a ore
OPG challenge addressed by the commitment	Public accountability, civic participation and (social) innovation for openness and accountability		
Relevance	The informal approach provides an alternative for the traditional conflict resolution procedures. This informal approach has led to a reduction in the number of objections that resulted in a formal decision and in an increase in the number of objections that resulted in an agreement between the parties in the conflict.		
The informal approach project provides a fundamental change for complaint handling and conflict resolution in public administration. From traditional, formal, judicial, procedural and writt approach the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdo Relations initiates, stimulates and supports an informal approach model for all government organizations.			ing and on. From a nd written Kingdom ts an
Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable and completion date		Start Date:	End Date:
A handbook setting out the informal approach, li process optimisations and best practices.	. A handbook setting out the informal approach, listing interventions, process optimisations and best practices.		
2. Assistance to public sector authorities in adopting the informal approach, to be provided by or through the Open Government Expertise Centre and the 'Pleasant Contact with the Government' programme, by means of a pilot in one organization and at least 4 workshops for public sector authorities.		Jan. 2016	June 2018
3. Monitoring, analysis and reporting with a view to effectiveness of the informal approach. A report will be sent to the House of Representatives.	_		

Commitment Template 9. Support to other public sector organizations: the Open Government Expertise Centre (LEOO)			
January 2016 – December 2017		New commitment	
Lead implementing agency		Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations	
	Government Ministries, Department/Agency	All ministries, provincial and local authorities	
Other Actors Involved	CSOs, private sector, multilaterals, working groups	The Open Government Expertise Centre (LEOO), ICTU	
Status quo or problem addressed by the commitment  Main objective  Brief description of commitment		Governments of all levels have questions and issues related to the open government and how to implement more transparency and accountability in their organization. The Leer- en Expertisepunt Open Overheid (Open Government Expertise Centre; LEOO) identifies relevant issues in the field of open government and assists public sector organizations to deal with these issues.	
		Supporting lead agencies in the action plan and other public sector organization with the implementation of more transparency and accountability in their organization.	
		LEOO collates and disseminates relevant knowledge and (co-) organizes various meetings about Open Government. Through LEOO, the Ministry of the Interior (BZK) wishes to strengthen the position of all public sector organizations as they implement policy and legislation. LEOO will provide support based on three distinct functions: knowledge broker, advisor and a platform which helps to increase the visibility of Open Government activities.	
OPG challenge address	ed by the commitment	Access to information, public accountability and civic participation	

	Many public sector organizations deal with the same issues and problems when it comes to the open government, so sharing and creating knowledge is a essential part in the movement to an open government.  LEOO will provide support based on three distinct functions: knowledge broker, facilitator and a platform which helps to increase the visibility of Open Government activities.  To support all governments with the implementatio of more accountability and openness in their			e open wledge is an en e distinct and a bility of
	Milestone/Activity with a verifiable deliverable	organization.  and completion date	Start Date:	End Date:
	whilestone/Activity with a vermable deliverable and completion date			Lina Date.
	10 (2016) and 6 (2017) further knowledge instrur about the new Reuse of Government Information Hergebruik van Overheidsinformatie') and a selfbe developed in association with local authorities All knowledge instruments developed by LEOO at LEOO acquires from its meetings with different of All knowledge instruments are published on the voverheid.nl  40 meetings (20 in 2016 and 20 in 2017) to include			
	attended by at least four hundred delegates (at we Data Award is presented in 2016), a year event O and meetings for all lead implementing agencies (1 in 2016 and 2 in 2017).	pen Government (in 2017)	Jan. 2016	Dec. 2017
3.	Personal coaching processes and one-to-one meetings for managers and government staff (100 in 2016 and 60 in 2017).			
4.	5 (2016) and 4 (2017) training modules and support programmes for educational institutes wishing to include Open Government as a module or topic within their programmes.			
5.	100 additional national or international initiatives Government in 2016 and 20 in 2017.	s dealing with Open		
6.	New interviews (20 in 2016 and 15 in 2017) and opublished on the Open Government website ever			