MINISTRY OF MODERNIZATION OF THE STATE AND PUBLIC ADMINSTRATION



# SECOND OPEN GOVERNMENT NATIONAL ACTION PLAN

2023-2025







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### List of acronyms and abbreviations

ANMCV National Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)

CSMJ Superior Council of the Judiciary

EGDI E-Government Development Index

**ENAPOR** National Port Administration Company

FiTI Fisheries Transparency Initiative

FNM National Multistakeholder Forum

GMMEAP Office of the Minister of Modernization of the State and Public Administration

GTMI GovTech Maturity Index

INE National Institute of Statistics

IRM Independent Review Mechanism

MMEAP Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration

OGP Open Government Partnership

NGO Non-Governmental Organization

NOSi Organizational Nucleus for the Information Society

PANGA Open Government National Action Plan

Project for Strengthening Technical and Functional Skills of Supreme Audit PROPALOP

Institutions (SAIs), National Parliaments and Civil Society for the Control of

-TLISC
Public Finances in the PALOP and Timor-Leste (Pro PALOPTL SAI)

PRRA Rehabilitation, Re-qualification and Accessibility Program

RARDIA Regime for Access and Reuse of Documents and Administrative Information

SIDS Small Island Developing States





### 1 The Minister's introductory statement



Starting in the Second Republic, the State of Cabo Verde has been implementing a set of measures aimed at fulfilling the constitutional principle of Open Government and turning itself more responsive and accountable for its actions as well as providing its citizens with access to public information through several tools, as well as encouraging the use of this information by the public in order to increase the citizens 'level of confidence in the State. As a result, Cabo Verde would later express its intention to join the Open Government Partnership (OGP) in 2015.

In this regard and in line with the Program of the VII Constitutional Government of the Second Republic, specifically the chapter on the governance model, which defends the "strengthening of transparency and the fight against corruption through the development and regulation of an open administration and governance provided for in the Constitution and in the Law of Administrative Procedure", and the "strengthening Civil Society Organizations' autonomy through the consolidation and authenticity of transparent operation under the law", in 2018 Cabo Verde approved its First Open Government National Action Plan, which was completed in 2021.

Thus, following the recommendations of the OGP's Independent Review Mechanism (IRM) and with a view to enhancing relations between the State, the Administration, businesses and citizens, the National Multistakeholder Forum was established for the preparation of this Second Open Government National Action Plan in order to ensure that the process is democratic and involved entities from all sectors.

The preparation process for this Second Open Government National Action Plan, which involved 27 entities from different domains of power, public entities and civil society, mirrors Cabo Verde's commitment to strengthening transparency in governing the country, to





prevention and fight against corruption and democratic ideals of civic involvement in decision-making processes.

Indeed, the democratic process is a continuous process, which does not end with elections and choice of political position holders. The democratic process must be constantly strengthened and deepened, leveraging the potential that, in the 21st century, the new communication and information technologies make available to civil society, which is increasingly informed and calls for enhanced and effective participation in the setting up of public policies and management of public resources and, therefore, assigns more legitimacy to public policies.

Considering also that one should not consider having an Open Government in Cabo Verde based only on initiatives by the Executive Power in the preparation process of this Plan, taking into account that one of the fields of commitment identified is called «Bringing Justice closer to Citizens», an attempt was made to ensure the involvement, presence and active participation of the Judiciary representative bodies.

The Second Open Government National Action Plan comprises eight commitments that will be implemented from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025 by State entities, in partnership with civil society organizations and private sector.

By means of this Second Open Government Action Plan, Cabo Verde takes up commitments that, when fulfilled, will help the country to continue treading the democracy consolidation process and, consequently, implementing its practices of preventing and fighting corruption, accessing to information, managing public resources, facilitating integrity in the public and private sectors, encouraging civic participation and efficiently and promptly delivering public services. And, for the follow-up and monitoring of the implementation and accomplishment of this Second Plan by civil society, Cabo Verde will provide tools to ensure a continuous participation of the civil society.

However, it is important to underline that the commitments taken in this second Action Plan for Open Government will only be accomplished if all entities involved are built-in in an environment of responsibility, commitment, effort and engagement for the execution and implementation of ongoing measures and new activities using new information and communication technologies and encouraging the participation of each citizen in the creation of a more just, free and equal society.





It is therefore expected from each and every entity involved a selfless collaboration in the implementation of the activities and measures that will lead to the fulfillment of the commitments taken in this Second Open Government Action Plan, national coordination of which for the OGP is under the Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration.

Praia, December, 2022

The Minister of Modernization of the State and Public Administration

Edna Miranda de Oliveira

### 2 Background

Open Government Partnership (OGP) was launched in 2011, from the initiative of eight countries (South Africa, Brazil, United States of America, Philippines, Indonesia, Mexico, Norway and United Kingdom) aiming at disseminating and encouraging government practices involving access to information, public transparency, social participation, prevention and fight against corruption, and establishes the following principles

- Transparency;
- Civic participation;
- Accountability; and
- Technology and innovation.

Faced with this scenario, the governments of several countries have adopted a set of measures to promote transparency and ensure civic participation, that is, what is the spirit of open government. The OGP initiative currently includes 77 member countries, which have already co-created more than 5000 commitments in more than 350 action plans.

The member countries of the initiative should prepare National Action Plans with the establishment of commitments and definition of strategies and activities to implement them, and the action plans implementation period can be biannual or four-yearly and, their preparation process should ensure the involvement of all echelons of political power and civil society.

In Cabo Verde, the Constitution of the Republic guarantees a set of rights and establishes the duty of the State to be accountable to its citizens. Likewise, the 1992 Constitution establishes that: "Public Administration pursues the public interest, with respect for the constitution, the law, the principles of justice, transparency, impartiality and good faith, and the legitimate rights and interests of citizens".

In this perspective, in 2015, Cabo Verde expressed its interest in taking part in this international initiative, through the formalization of the letter of intent with the OGP. Once accepted, Cabo Verde had to fulfill its obligation to the OGP and had the responsibility of preparing its action plan, which was prepared in 2018 for the 2018-2020 period, in which three commitments were established, namely:

1. Increasing the ease of doing business in Cabo Verde;

- Creating and implementing the Rehabilitation, Re-qualification and Accessibility Program (PRRA);
- 3. Creating and launching the open data platform.

In February 2020, PROPALOP-TLISC<sup>1</sup> supported, in partnership with the OGP, the national stakeholders to organize, at the National Assembly Palace, the Open Government Partnership Workshop for the creation of the roadmap leading to the preparation of the 2020-2022 action plan, which was not accomplished due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

With the COVID-19 pandemic, the implementation period was extended to 2021 for the plans that should be in force until 2020. The First Action Plan expired in 2021, with most of the commitments assessed by OGP's Independent Review Mechanism (IRM) as making "limited" progress (Independent Review Mechanism (IRM), Cabo Verde Transitional Results Report 2018-2021, 2022).

After the implementation period of the First Action Plan, the Open Government Partnership Workshop was held at the Government Palace during the OGP week, which occurred between May 16 and 18, 2022, with the purpose of: (i) Socializing the concept of Open Government and its importance in strengthening Democracy and Democratic Rule of Law; (ii) Evaluating the process of open government in Cabo Verde and the preparation of the First National Action Plan, as well as the implementation of the commitments taken therein; and; (iii) Establishing a roadmap for co-creation and identification of possible areas of opportunity for the Second Open Government National Action Plan.

This workshop witnessed the official leadership and coordination transfer of the OGP process in Cabo Verde to the Ministry for Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP), which, through the Office of the Minister for Modernization of the State and Public Administration (GMMEAP), became the national focal point (i) coordinating the pace of the work of the National Multistakeholder Forum (FNM), (ii) facilitating mediation with the governmental fields and other State bodies (iii) ensuring communication with the international OGP and with the independent review mechanism (IRM). Upon taking leadership and

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Projeto para Reforço das Competências Técnicas e Funcionais das Instituições Superiores de Controlo (ISC), Parlamentos Nacionais e Sociedade Civil - http://old.agora-parl.org/pt/pro-palop-tl-sai/





coordination of the process, the first challenge for the MMEAP was to proceed with the preparation of the Second National Action Plan.

In this context, following the guidance issued by the IRM from the OGP initiative, the First National Multistakeholder Forum was created, and it integrates different central and local government entities, other sovereign bodies, public sector and civil society, being permanent and with a lifetime equivalent to the plan implementation period in order to allow alignment between the different sectors and collecting inputs with a view to the creation, implementation and supervision of the Second Plan.

At the same time, along with the creation of the Forum, in line with the recommendations of the IRM, the coordination team created the online repository of the OGP process in Cabo Verde since 2015 and the official OGP Cabo Verde page on the most used social network at national level, aimed at increasing mechanisms for disseminating the Open Government Action Plan and information associated with the OGP process in Cabo Verde.

This Second Open Government National Action Plan, made up of 8 commitments, is the result of the country's commitment to policies based on the principles of transparency, social participation, accountability and innovation. The definition of commitments was made through co-creation workshops held in 2 in-person meetings and 1 hybrid (virtual and in-person), with the involvement of 85 people, representatives of more than 80 organizations and entities from all sectors of the State. The OGP process came out of these meetings strengthened, with emphasis on the creation of the National Multistakeholder Forum, made up of 27 entities and 37 representatives, in addition to the provision of the online repository.

The plan will provide the reader with a context about Cabo Verde's participation in the OGP, as well as present the background regarding the Open Government process at national level. It also provides information on the work methodology adopted that culminated in the definition of each of the commitments expected to be completed by the end of 2025 and on the monitoring process.

### 3 Action Plan preparation process

The preparation of the Second Open Government Action Plan involved different sectors, such as central and local government, the judiciary, the private sector and the state business sector, academia, community associations and civil society, with the aim of putting together the Multistakeholder action plan.

In Cabo Verde, the Action Plan preparation process was materialized in 4 (four) stages:

- I. Briefing on the Co-creation of the OGP Independent Review Mechanism;
- II. Co-creation of the roadmap for the preparation of the Second Action Plan;
- III. Creation and setting up of the Multistakeholder Forum and preparation of the draft Action Plan;
- IV. Approval of the Second Open Government Action Plan.
- (I) *I.* Briefing on the Co-creation of the OGP Independent Review Mechanism in March 2022, a briefing was held with the OGP Independent Review Mechanism (IRM), in order to support the co-creation process and the design of the next action plan and strengthen the quality, ambition and feasibility of commitments.

The Co-Creation Briefing builds on the assessment results of previous IRM reports (Action Plan review, implementation/results reports) and gathers recommendations from the data and conclusions of these reports.

The process had two sections: the 1<sup>st</sup> section that embodied the process of co-creation of the action plan and plan design, development of which was based on the recommendations of the IRM and; the 2<sup>nd</sup> section was developed based on some areas of opportunity for Cabo Verde 's Second Action Plan.

- (II) Co-creation of the roadmap for the Second Action Plan preparation—this stage was carried out on May 18, 2022 with the holding of the III Open Government Partnership Workshop, called "Construction of the roadmap preparation of the Cabo Verde 2022-2024 OGP Plan" (Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration, 2022). The objectives that guided the workshop were:
  - Socialization of the Open Government concept— its relevance to strengthen Democracy and Democratic Rule of Law;

- 2. Updated review of the Open Government Action Plan- Cabo Verde, 2018- 2020;
- 3. Establishment of the roadmap and proposed content for the preparation of the next Action Plan– Cabo Verde, 2022 2024 (initially expected period).

Near 85 entities were invited, essentially stakeholders who later would be called upon to participate in the preparation of the II Action Plan of Cabo Verde for Open Government, from the following sectors: National Assembly, Central Government, Civil Society (NGOs, Academia, Private Sector, Trade Unions, among others), Local Government.

At the end of the workshop, the following central themes were identified, which would later be worked on by the National Multistakeholder Forum:

- Open Government based on open data;
- Modernization of the State (co-creation of public services);
- Transparency in Public Finance;
- Transparency in Fisheries;
- Bringing Justice closer to the citizen;
- Promotion of openness at Local Government level.

(III) Creation and setting up of the National Multistakeholder Forum (FNM) and preparation of the draft Action Plan—at this stage, the intervening entities were identified in accordance with the areas of commitment, and they were invited to join the Forum and take



Working group- "Bringing justice closer to the citizen"



Working group "Transparency in fisheries"



Working group "Transparency in Public Finance"



Working group "Modernization of the State - Open Government based on open data & Promotion of openess at local government level"

Figure 1 - Photos of the first meeting of the National Multistakeholder Forum

part in the 1st meeting, held on November 9, 2022. During this 1<sup>st</sup> meeting of the Forum, the respective bylaws were created and, subsequently, the members were organized into 5 working groups, according to the areas of commitment related to the entity they represented, where, based on guidelines to assist in the identification of general commitments, the commitments of this plan were co-created.

One aspect to be highlighted is that, considering the low level of participation of local government, it was decided to combine the areas – "Open Government based on open data and "Promotion of openness at the local government level" during group work.

(IV) Approval of the Open Government Action Plan– this final stage took place on December 19, 2022, in the city of Praia – Conference Room of the Ministry of Finance and Business Development, in a hybrid meeting format (virtual and in-person) where a total of 27 representatives of the member entities of the FNM, 15 in person and 12 on the virtual platform

The meeting had two topics on the agenda: (i) approval of the minutes of the 1<sup>st</sup> meeting and (ii) approval of the National Action Plan for Open Government - PANGA. The proposed plan was unanimously approved by the attending members.

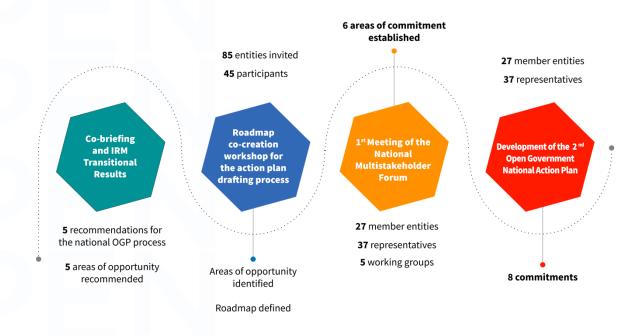


Figure 2 - Summary of the preparation process of the Second National Action- Open Government

### 4 Multistakeholder Forum

Joining the Open Government Partnership (OGP) initiative requires submission of an Action Plan by member countries that subscribe to the Open Government Declaration and undertake to defend the principles of Open Government with concrete measures or commitments, as well as the evolution of these through public consultation and dissemination of progress reports.

In this sense, as an OGP member since 2015, Cabo Verde has subscribed to its principles, having submitted its first Action Plan in 2018, effective until 2020, with a co-creation and preparation process that did not meet all the required requirements, namely the creation and implementation of the multistakeholder forum for opening the national processes inherent to the initiative.

In order to fill these gaps, the Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration, as a new entity in charge of the coordination process at national level, through the Minister's Office, sponsored the creation of **the National Multistakeholder Forum (FNM) for the Open Government Partnership**, having directly invited entities representing the public sector and civil society who accepted the challenge and enabled the establishment of a forum made up of 27 entities.

### National Multistakeholder Forum



Figure 3 - Overview of the National Stakeholder Forum

To make the forum official as an important part of the entire process to be carried out under the Second Action Plan, its  $1^{st}$  meeting was held on November 9, 2022, where the respective bylaws were approved and the activities for the co-creation of the commitments were initiated.

The National Multistakeholder Forum, according to its bylaws, is a means of facilitating interinstitutional dialogue and monitoring the initiatives of the National Open Government Action Plan for the 2023 -2025 period. It is chaired by the Office of the Minister of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (GMMEAP). In this sense, the Forum performs all the activities inherent to Cabo Verde's participation in the OGP, namely establishing the main planks of the action plan and supporting its implementation and monitoring.

The creation process of this Forum began in June, 2022 and unlike before when a working group was formed in an ad-hoc manner according to the co-creation activity, it has a permanent character and a period of validity matching the plan's implementation deadline. Also, the range of the entities invited is intrinsically linked to the areas of opportunity identified during co-creation activities, and joining it is voluntary.

In this way, it was possible to establish a group of representatives from various State sectors, who will play an active role in achieving the objectives of this Second Action Plan, maintaining a strong coordination and alignment while implementing the commitments and assessing their feasibility in order to make the most of the sector know-how.

The National Multistakeholder Forum is currently made up of 27 entities from the Central, Indirect, Local and Independent Public Administration, as well as Sovereign Bodies and entities from Academia and Civil Society, as presented in the following table:

Chart 1 – Entities members of the National Multistakeholder Forum

Sector	Entities
	Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration
	Ministry of Finance and Business Development
	Ministry of Digital Economy
Central Government	Ministry of Sea
	Ministry of Agriculture and Environment
	Ministry of Education
	Ministry of Family, Inclusion and Social Development



	Ministry of the Presidency		
	Ministry of Industry, Trade and Energy		
	Ministry Territorial Cohesion		
Local Government	National Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)		
Indirect Administration	National Institute of Statistics (INE)		
	Court of Auditors		
Other Sovereign Bodies	Cabo Verde Bar Association		
Other Sovereign Bodies	General Attorney – Public Ministry		
	Superior Council of the Judiciary		
	Organizational Nucleus for the Information Society (NOSi)		
Public Business Sector	ENAPOR – National Port Administration Company		
Private Business Sector	DEVTRUST Consulting		
	Multisector Regulatory Agency for the Economy (ARME)		
Independent State	National Committee for Personal Data Protection (CNPD)		
Administration	Ombudsman		
	Regulatory Agency for Public Procurement (ARAP)		
	LANTUNA Association		
Civil Society	Praia Network of Community Associations and Social Movements (RACMS)		
	Sotavento Chamber of Commerce		
Academia	University of Cabo Verde (UNICV)		

In general, the OGP process in Cabo Verde is strengthened by this new scenario, which will make it possible to expand the dissemination of open governance values and increase opportunities and channels for civic participation, as well as the quality level of this participation, creating specific and organized moments according to the purpose and profile to be pursued.





### 5 Areas of Opportunities and Commitments

### 5.1 Open Government based on open data

Open government involves reforming Public Administration, in order to make it open, transparent and close to citizens. Within this line, the VIII Constitutional Government of Cabo Verde has been adopting a set of policies aimed at facilitating open government and open data in Public Administration and which can be extended to the local level, i.e. the approval of the Proposed Law on the System for Access and Reuse of Documents and Administrative Information (RARDIA) – a law that meets the principle of transparency in Public Administration (Article 240 of the CRCV) and that strengthens the fight against corruption, thus meeting the values and principles of the OGP.

In this perspective, the country has made a notable effort in terms of technology, human and electronic participation, allowing for more open government, with greater civic participation and closer to citizens and businesses. The latest UN research results (E-Government Development Index – 2022) and the World Bank (GovTech Maturity Index – 2022) recognize Cabo Verde's effort, placing it with a "high" index (EGDI) and "very high" (GTMI) in digital governance (UN & World Bank, 2022).

However, the IRM (Independent Review Mechanism) of the OGP provides some recommendations for the country; also, within the scope of the action plan design areas of opportunities for commitments were pointed out, namely facilitating open government at local level. It also suggests that a transparency portal be created by the Government. Therefore, the Government of Cabo Verde intends to institutionalize the Open Data ecosystem, which includes approving the law establishing the Open Data policy, creation of the Data Portal and statistic Master Data.





### 5.1.1 Commitment I

 $Table \ 1-Background \ of \ Commitment \ I \ of \ the \ "Open \ Government \ based \ on \ open \ data" \ opportunity \ area$ 

What is the issue	Both public and private institutions have a large amount of data that			
addressed by the	is not readily available to the public. Even with new commitments to			
commitment?	facilitate greater transparency, a persistent lack of user-friendly data			
	recovery technologies poses significant barriers to accessibility.			
	Furthermore, the absence of a common data platform excludes self-			
	service and requires that each request be treated as an ad hoc			
	occurrence that can only be met with a cumbersome and inherently			
	inefficient response.			
What is the	Establishing and approving the open data policy and develop the			
commitment?	Open Data Portal			
How will the commitment	<ul> <li>Will expand access to data, producing considerable benefits to</li> </ul>			
help solve the issue	private citizens, businesses and public managers.			
identified??	<ul> <li>Will increase transparency and efficiency, creating the</li> </ul>			
	opportunity for self-service data recovery			
	<ul> <li>Will improve access to open data and decision-making, expand</li> </ul>			
	public knowledge and stimulate innovation			
Why is the commitment	This commitment facilitates the data sharing expectations expressed			
relevant to OGP values?	by many public institutions, while encouraging civic interest and			
	participation. In addition, an open data platform will allow more			
	qualified observers (e.g., journalists, academics, etc.) to study relevant			
	data patterns, inform citizens and shape public policy and action.			
Additional information	The portal is currently under development			
	p 2. tat to carrottely and of development			
Description of expected	Improving governance, in particular transparency and quality and			
outcomes	access to data for sector decision-making;			
	Having all the conditions to publish, locate and exploit data in an open			
	manner.			

Macro Activities		Starting date	Completion date
Prepare law to establish open data policy		January, 2023	January, 2024
Develop the Open Data Po	ortal	January, 2023	January, 2025
Entity in charge	Ministry of Moderr	nization of the Sta	ate and Public Administration
Contact information	jcruz@mmeap.gov.cv		
Other entities	Organizational Nucleus for the Information Society (NOSi), National Institute of Statistics (INE), National Committee for Personal Data Protection (CNPD), Multisector Regulatory Agency for the Economy (ARME); Ministry of Education and National Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)		

### 5.1.2 Commitment II

Table 2 - Background of Commitment II of the "Open Government based on Open Data" opportunity area

What is the issue	The costs of producing statistical data through surveys based on
addressed by the	samples and censuses are high, the burden on data respondents is
commitment?	high, the geographic coverage is smaller and the data are not
	produced and made available with definite and adequate periodicity.
What is the	Develop the <i>Master Data</i> statistic project
commitment?	
How will the	With this project, the view of reality is broadened, namely: it enables
commitment help solve	access to a larger and more diversified number of statistical data by
the issue identified?	citizens and public services, enabling them to generate new
	information and obtain new knowledge;



Posseuse this project delivers a set of data to society, those data are
 better breakdown
hattar braakdawa
obtained continuously over time, with larger geographic coverage and
(relevance, timeliness, regularity, accessibility, reliability, etc.) are
administrative records in terms of quality of statistical production
records is much lower than conducting a survey and the use of these
taking into account that the cost of working with administrative
It allows for greater efficiency in the production of statistical data,

### relevant to OGP values?

Why is the commitment Because this project delivers a set of data to society; these data are being developed according to the fundamental principles of official statistics and the principles for using open government data.

Additional information The project is ongoing and some of the following tasks are under development: identification of administrative sources; meetings with those responsible for administrative sources, project socialization; preparation of the protocol to facilitate access to data from administrative sources; assessment of the quality of administrative sources; statistical treatment, and validation of administrative data, etc.;

> Training is foreseen for technical qualification as well as provision of financial and technological resources, consulting services and exchange of experiences at international level. This project is funded by the World Bank and is expected to be implemented between the 2020-2024 period

### outcomes

Description of expected Providing a platform producing a larger number of indicators than those currently being produced by the National Statistical System (SEN) with current, transparent, reliable, timely statistical information, accessible to all decision-makers from different public institutions, academics, and society for a possible set of purposes

Macro activities	Starting date	Completion date
Completing the data collection platform	January, 2023	December, 2024



Making the preliminary outcomes available		January, 2023	December, 2024
Making anonymized data production departments	base available to the different of INE	January, 2023	December, 2024
Entity in charge	National Institute of Statistic	:S	
Contact information	NilaD@ine.gov.cv		
Other entities	Organizational Nucleus for the Statistical Council (CNEST); Protection (CNPD); National Verde (ANMCV)	National Commit	ttee for Personal Data

### 5.2 Modernization of the State (Co-creation of Public Services)

The program of the VIII Constitutional Government of Cabo Verde establishes the administrative modernization of the State as one of its priorities. This process involves the implementation/execution of a set of policy measures, namely:

- Implementation of Cabo Verde 's Digital Strategy;
- Implementation of the agenda for simplification, standardization, dematerialization and digitization of processes and procedures in Public Administration;
- Investments in technologies, improvement of administrative procedures and structuring legislation for digital transformation;
- Public Administration reform with impact on the efficiency and effectiveness of public services provided to citizens and businesses;
- Approval of the Administrative Procedure Code; and
- Establishment of a Public Institute with the mission of promoting capacity building and qualification of Public Administration officials and agents.

Along this line, through Decree-Law No. 53/2021, of August 6, the Government's organizational structure was approved, which establishes as mission of the Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP): "pursuit of tasks in the fields of modernization, innovation and administrative simplification, digital governance, organization and

management of public services, as well as management and qualification of human resources in Public Administration". In this perspective, Decree-Law No. 70/2021, of October 18, approves the structure, organization and operating rules of the MMEAP. Furthermore, under the guidelines established by the Government for national policies, the MMEAP pursues a set of responsibilities ranging from policy making for administrative modernization and human resource development to studies and research activities production.

In order to meet these responsibilities, also under the guiding vision of "a State that is a partner, regulator, visionary, auxiliary and with authority capacity and promoter of private initiative and civil society organizations at the service of a smooth development of the Country as well as of the needs of society in general and economic agents in particular", through Resolution no. 59/2022, of May 27, the Strategic Agenda for the Modernization of the State and Public Administration was approved. This agenda will be implemented within the 2022- 2025 period and 6 (six) transforming lines of action have been established.

This agenda, in particular the lines of action, are in line with OGP principles of the and essentially aim to:

- Promoting "Civic Participation" through the sixth line of action (Fostering Proximity and encouraging the participation of citizens and civil society)
- Promoting "Transparency" and "Technology and Innovation" through the first and fourth line of action – (streamlining Public Performance Services and Increasing Digital Governance in Public Administration)

For this reason, during the roadmap construction process for the preparation of the next action plan for the 2023-2025 period the relevance of this commitment in facilitating open government in Cabo Verde was agreed upon and thus became part of the plan.

Table 3 – Background of the Commitment of the "Modernization of the State (Co-creation of Public Services)" opportunity area

What is tl	ne issue
addresse	d by the
commitn	nent?

Access and orderly provision of the information collected, generated and maintained by the State is a key component to build on more informed and accurate governance strategies and public policies. But it also is an important added value for civil society and businesses that can take advantage of these data. The measures proposed in this area of intervention aim to open up the State, make it more transparent and scrutinized and,



	therefore, a more credible partner for the country's development. At the
	moment, information related to existing public services is dispersed. Part of
	the information can be found on the state services portal and the vast
	majority of the information is not mapped and is scattered across various
	government agencies, making it difficult for citizens, businesses and
	decision makers in the change process to access information.
What is the commitment?	Development of the computer platform that makes available the repository
	of information on public services provided to citizens and businesses.
How will the commitment	This commitment solves the problem of accessing information on services
help solve the issue	provided by the State, ensuring that citizens find the information they need
identified??	online, and that this same information is valid, up-to-date and of good quality.
	It will enable citizens and businesses to submit complaints, make
	recommendations for improvement regarding the provision of services,
	information on which is made available on the platform.
Why is the commitment	<ul> <li>It enables to create knowledge of the services available (provided in</li> </ul>
relevant to OGP values?	person and digitally);
	<ul> <li>It allows knowledge of all citizens involved in public affairs, in</li> </ul>
	particular public services;
	<ul> <li>It improves the quality of information made available which increases</li> </ul>
	transparency.
Additional information	The project is included in Cabo Verde's Digital Government Action Plan
Description of expected	The expected result is the implementation and provision of a centralized
outcomes	public service information repository, capable of centrally feeding other
	government platforms, containing information on at least 80% of the public
	services provided.

Macro activities		Starting date	Completion date
Mapping of public services provided in different manners (online and in person)		January, 2023	December, 2023
Development of a computer platform that provides the repository of public services provided by the State		July, 2023	December, 2024
Drafting of legislation to make the information repository official		July, 2023	December, 2023
Entity in charge	Ministry of Modernization of th	e State and Public Ad	ministration
Contact information	ricardina.lopes@mmeap.gov.c	V	
Other entities	Organizational Nucleus for the National Association of Municip	-	

### 5.3 Transparency in fisheries

The fishing sector is a strategic for the national economy and food security in Cabo Verde. However, it still faces a number of challenges, namely the unavailability or poor quality of some As a Small Island State in development (SIDS), Cabo Verde is a country where 80% of the population lives close to the coast and fishing is practiced in all the islands by more than 6,000 fishermen; therefore, this sector continues to be a livelihood for many families, particularly in the artisanal fishing sector where many live directly from sea products, in particular women in the post-harvesting sector (marketing and processing). However, despite the important social role of fisheries in creating jobs (near 9,000 direct and indirect jobs) and improving food security (per capita consumption of 25 kg/inhabitant of fish, above the world average – 20.5 kg/inhabitant  $^2$ ), ensuring high nutritional value product such as tuna fish and mackerel, this sector 's contribution to the economy remains low - 2% of the GDP(CM/JMV, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> United Nations

Coastal fisheries play an important role in the island nation's food, nutrition, livelihoods and local economies. However, overfishing, pollution and climate change are putting increasing pressure on the resources fished on our nine islands.

Faced with this reality in 2020,<sup>3</sup> Cabo Verde expressed its intention to join the *FiTI*<sup>4</sup> - *Fisheries Transparency Initiative*, a global initiative launched in 2017, with a focus on a more sustainable management of fisheries resources; the process was temporarily halted due to the Covid-19 pandemic, but this year the Government designated the Ministry of the Sea as the department in charge of implementing the initiative at national level.

Under the Open Government Partnership (OGP), this process is directly interrelated with the defended values and its implementation has considerable potential to strengthen the blue economy sector, which is a strategic sector for the development of Cabo Verde. Therefore, during the co-creation proceedings, this process was identified as a commitment to be included in the country's next OGP action plan.

Table 4 – Background of Commitment of the "Transparency in Fisheries" opportunity area

## What is the issue addressed by the commitment?

The Government, aware that the country's policy on sustainable exploitation, rational management, participatory governance and transparency in the exploitation of fishery resources is fully aligned with the objectives and principles of the Fisheries Transparency Initiative (FiTI), is convinced that the fishing sector is of high economic, social, cultural, recreational and leisure importance for the country. Considering also the country's potentials and limitations have always been a concern in promoting sustainable management and use of sea products, operated by national and foreign fleets, the Government established a system of access to fisheries resources.

The Government recognizes that fisheries resources have been partially operated beyond sustainable levels, in a non-transparent and non-inclusive manner. Mechanisms were created to reverse this trend and help amend the use of these

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://expressodasilhas.cv/pais/2022/10/12/cabo-verde-prepara-adesao-a-iniciativa-transparencia-das-pescas/82480

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> About the FiTI - FiTI



resources, such as the development of a fisheries management system based on research and inspection.  Against this background, joining FiTI will allow solving issues affecting the fishing sector, contributing to food security, nutrition and social stability, supporting the sustainability of marine ecosystems, also encouraging the fight against corruption and illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries.
Joining the FiTI
<ul> <li>A significant improvement in the browsing experience and access to information;</li> <li>Establishment of Integrated Front Desks for better access to sector services;</li> <li>Computerization and digitalization of the sector's administrative processes and procedures, ensuring improved speed and transparency;</li> <li>Up-to-date data and information for decision-making in the sector;</li> <li>Sustainable practices and policies.</li> </ul>
The commitment will help promote transparency, participation and more
responsibility in the fisheries sector, with the implementation of data repositories and the dematerialization of the sector's business processes (licensing, harvesting
and health certificates, among others). This will help improve the management of
sector services while promoting the establishment of more responsible and inclusive public policies
Cabo Verde has already expressed its official intention to join since 2020 and is
currently developing the last activities necessary to meet the requirements to be recognized as a candidate country to FiTI. Process steps so far:
<ul> <li>Step 1 – Public statement of the intention to implement the Initiative in the country–2020</li> <li>Step 2 – Appointment of the Minister of Sea to be in charge of implementing FITTI - Resolution nº33/2022, of April 6, 2022</li> </ul>





• Step a 3 -Appointment of the National Focal Point related to FITTI		
implementation – Order nº 21 /2022 of the Minister of Sea, of April 29, 2022		
• Step 4 – Appointment of the Secretariat – Order nº 1/2022, of June 10 of the		
Focal Point appointing the Secretariat members		
• Step 5 - Establishment of the National Multisector Group- Order of the		
Minister of Sea, of November 30, 2022		
(https://expressodasilhas.cv/pais/2022/10/12/cabo-verde-prepara-adesao-a-		
iniciativa-transparencia-das-pescas/82480		
São Vicente recebe primeiro atelier FiTI - Iniciativa de Transparência nas		
Pescas - YouTube)		
Improve governance, in particular transparency and quality and access to data		
for decision-making in the sector;		
<ul> <li>Strengthen leadership in fisheries governance;</li> </ul>		
Contribute to the sustainable management of fisheries, in particular by		
reducing the State's economic losses linked to lack of transparency;		
Strengthen the sector's attractiveness to donors and investors;		
• Support the State's efforts in the fight against illegality, unreported and		
unregulated fishing, preserving jobs in the sector.		

Macro activities		Starting date	Completion date
Preparation of the 2023 working plan		November, 2022	January, 2023
Completion of application process to join FiTi		December, 2022	January, 2024
Issuance of first FiTi report		December, 2022	December, 2024
Entity in charge	Ministry of Sea		
Contact information	giliardo.nascimento@m	giliardo.nascimento@mm.gov.cv;	
	iolanda.brites@mm.gov	.cv;	
Other entities	Ministry of Agriculture a	ınd Environment; Multisect	or Group for Transparency
	in Fisheries; National A	ssociation of Municipalitie	es of Cabo Verde (ANMCV);





Ministry of Territorial Cohesion; Multisector Forum for Transparency in Fisheries; Lantuna Association; Praia Network of Community Associations and Social Movements (RACMS)

### 5.4 Transparency in Public Finance

Good management and the quality of public finances in Cabo Verde have always been one of the country's differentiating factor vis-à-vis international partners and organizations. Several activities and projects are currently underway with a focus on improving efficiency, sustainability, programming and transparency in this field, which in the coming years is expected to reach 30% of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in terms of tax revenues contribution.

In this sense, transparency in this domain of State governance implies that citizens are able to obtain budgetary and fiscal information that is complete, vital, accurate, well-timed and clearly presented. This transparency contributes to improved management of budget funds and allows citizens to hold authorities accountable, thus increasing confidence in political processes. In addition to the positive effects on good management, it also results in considerable financial benefits for the state (African Union, 2022).

Secondly, according to the latest report on Fiscal Transparency issued by the African Union, countries with transparent public finances and improved exchange of information at regional and international level have better access to international financial markets, lower loan-related costs, in addition to more probability of preventing tax evasion (African Union, 2022).

With increased level of maturity in financial management, Cabo Verde is preparing to transition to a decentralized system of budget execution controls, being these placed in government departments or entities. Therefore, with the support of the International Monetary Fund the Government intends to strengthen transparency in public finances by implementing a portal dedicated to providing budgetary and fiscal information from the State's different public bodies, at both direct and indirect central and local levels.



What is the issue addressed by the commitment?	Fiscal data should be made mo published in open format. In acceptation of the databases on payments made from decided it is necessary to improve options and transferring data in format, and making these freely us by anyone.	Idition, since of the state Be ways of proving machine-reada	the publication of udget, it has been ding better search ble form and free
What is the	Fiscal Transparency Portal		
commitment?			
How will the	<ul> <li>Make public sector finan</li> </ul>	cial informatio	n available in an
commitment help	integrated manner, includir	ng information	n regarding local
solve the issue	administration and public comp	anies, since it is	currently scattered;
identified?	<ul> <li>Ensure regular publication o</li> </ul>	f accurate and r	elevant information
	on tax data as well as the option	n to make data	open for re-use.
Why is the	The measure is relevant to trar	nsparency, as	it increases fiscal
commitment	transparency, thus allowing citizens to more easily participate in		
relevant to OGP	budget preparation processes (which should result in more efficient		
values?	rendering of public services). Furthermore, the measure is relevant to		
	public accountability, because by i	increasing trans	sparency in budget
	and the entire underlying proces	ss, it will be	possible to assess
	accountability of those who execu	te the budget a	and coordinate and
	manage public policy implementat	ion.	
Additional	The project is financially and	technically s	upported by the
information	International Monetary Fund (IMF) and started in 2022 - CD PROJECT:		
	Cabo Verde - FAD/PFM - Fiscal Reporting - FY23-FY24		
Description of	Improved disclosure of budg	get and fiscal da	ta;
expected outcomes	<ul> <li>More transparency in budget execution and management of</li> </ul>		
	public services		
Macro activities		Starting date	Completion date



Development of Fiscal Transparency Portal		2022	March, 2023
Launch of Fiscal Transparency Portal		March, 2023	December, 2023
Entity in charge	Ministry of Finance and Business Development (MFFE)		
Contact information	lidiane.nascimento@mf.gov.cv		
Other entities involved	Court of Auditors; Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP); National Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV); Sotavento Chamber of Commerce (CCS); Regulatory Authority for Public Procurement (ARAP)		

### 5.4.1 Commitment II

Table 6 – Background of Commitment II of the "Transparency in Public Finance" area

What is the issue	Civil society with no access to key financial information;
addressed by the commitment?	Civil Society 's lack of interest in Public Finance;
communicite:	Lag between Budget Planning and Execution.
What is the	Disclosure of budgetary and fiscal information in language accessible
commitment?	to civil society.
How will the	<ul> <li>Increased level of access to budget and fiscal information;</li> </ul>
commitment help	Any citizen will be able to access financial information free of
solve the issue	charge and in a friendly-user format;
identified?	<ul> <li>Any citizen will be able to understand the State's budget</li> </ul>
	principles and rules;
	<ul> <li>Increased transparency in Public Finance.</li> </ul>



Why is the	The measure is relevant to transparency, as it increases fiscal
commitment	transparency, thus allowing citizens to more easily participate in
relevant to OGP	budget preparation processes (which should result in more efficient
values?	rendering of public services). Furthermore, the measure is relevant to
	public accountability, because by increasing transparency in budget
	and the entire underlying process, it will be possible to assess
	accountability of those who execute the budget and coordinate and
	manage public policy implementation.
Description of	<ul> <li>Improved disclosure of budget and fiscal data;</li> </ul>
expected outcomes	<ul> <li>More transparency in budget execution and management of</li> </ul>
	public services;

Macro activities		Starting date	Completion date
	isms to provide free of charge, oudget and fiscal information to	January, 2023	January, 2025
Establishment of a comm dissemination of budget a		January, 2023	January, 2025
Entity in charge	Ministry of Finance and Business Development (MFFE)		
Contact information	lidiane.nascimento@mf.gov.cv		
Other entities involved	Court of Auditors; Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP); National Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV); Sotavento Chamber of Commerce (CCS); Regulatory Authority for Public Procurement (ARAP)		

### 5.5 Bringing Justice Closer to Citizens

In its early years, the Open Government Partnership (OGP) was focused on Executive Power areas of activity. However, as time went by, it became clear that its principles could not be effectively engaged unless the remaining spheres of power were involved in the process. This fact became increasingly evident since out of the 170 collective commitments selected by OGP only two indicated direct agreements with the justice system. These commitments were later expanded by the Paris Declaration<sup>5</sup>, in 2016.

In Cabo Verde context, after the establishment of the Second Republic of Cabo Verde, efforts were made aiming at laying the foundations for democratization of the State and its Powers, enabling the realization of the constitutionally defined right of access to justice, **pursuing the interests of the community** (Constitution of the Republic of Cabo Verde, 1992).

In the 21<sup>st</sup> century, the concern with ensuring access to justice to all layers of the population and on all islands is always present in government agendas, and constraints such as lack of access to data and lack of channels for social participation increase distrust and perception of corruption.

According to (Elena, 2018), the concept of open justice is associated with access to public judicial information, social participation, promotion of citizenship, improvement of internal and external management, creation of a specific knowledge management network for the sector and dissemination of best evidence-based justice practices, and this concept has gained some attention from some international organizations.

In this sense, the 2030 Agenda of the United Nations (UN, 2015) established 17 goals for sustainable development, where goal 16 stands out, which is directly related to promoting equal access to justice (promote just, peaceful and inclusive societies). For this, four targets were established:

- target 16.3 Promote the rule of law and ensure equal access to justice;
- target 16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions;
- target 16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive and representative decision-making;
- target 16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Paris Declaration – Collective Actions to Accelerate Open Government (opengovpartnership.org)

Faced with this scenario of transition to a new chapter of modernization of the justice sector, as defined in the Program of the VIII Constitutional Government of the Second Republic of Cabo Verde, "The Government proposes, for the next cycle, to reinforce the conditions for the Judicial System to guarantee an effective, faster, more accessible, impartial and transparent justice, based on respect for the rights, freedoms and guarantees of citizens and on the principles of democratic rule of law, promoting a culture of peace, security and contributing to sustainable development" (Government of Cabo Verde, 2021). This purpose intends to implement the necessary aspects to leverage and improve the Judicial System in all its aspects and, in direct relation with the values of the OGP, transparency and access to justice, which for this purpose were identified during the co-creation work of the relevant commitments for this sector, as identified in the tables below

### 5.5.1 Commitment I

Table 7 – Background of Commitment I of the "Bringing Justice Closer to Citizens" opportunity area

What is the issue	The lack of knowledge of the laws, rights and duties of citizens which,	
addressed by the	therefore, translates into the lack of realization of these rights and,	
commitment?	subsequently, the disinformation and dissatisfaction of the	
	population.	
What is the	Create machanisms that ensure more accessibility in legal language	
commitment?	Create mechanisms that ensure more accessibility in legal language	
How will the	Allows any citizen to understand and apprehend what is	
commitment help	intended to be conveyed in legal terms;	
solve the issue	Allows any citizen to access legal information for free and in	
identified?	easy-to-understand manner;	
	Allows any citizen to understand the judicial organization in	
	force in the country;	
	Allows any citizen to understand the meaning and scope of	
	court decisions.	



Why is the	A citizen who is informed and aware of the laws, rights and duties of		
commitment relevant	justice institutions, knowing what their responsibilities are and their		
to OGP values?	scope of action will be better equipped to demand more		
	accountability, effectiveness and speed, achieve improved protection		
	in the realization of their rights, having more knowledge and		
	consequently having a more meaningful participation. Thus, the		
	commitment listed is directly related to OGP values.		
Additional information	Strategic Plan of the Superior Council of the Judiciary;		
	<ul> <li>"Justice Plus" Program for Modernization of Justice;</li> </ul>		
	Strategic Plan of Superior Council of the Judiciary of the Public		
	Prosecutor's Office;		
Description of	More mindful and responsible decision-making:		
expected outcomes	Justice closer to citizens;		
	<ul> <li>Optimization and efficiency of the means made available to</li> </ul>		
	justice operators;		
	<ul> <li>Reduced delays and court costs.</li> </ul>		

Macro activities	Starting date	Completion date
Establishment of mechanisms to provide free, appropriate and referral legal information to citizens.	January, 2023	January, 2025
Establishment of an online space, with simple language for citizens	January, 2023	January, 2025
Establishment of a communications network for the dissemination of legal information in the media and social media	January, 2023	January, 2025
Entity in charge Ministry of Justice		
Contact information <u>marlene.almeida@mj.gov.cv</u>		





Other entities involved	Superior Council of the Judiciary;	
	Superior Council of the Judiciary of the Public Prosecutor's Office	
	Ombudsman;	
	Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration;	
	National Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)	
	Praia Network of Community Associations and Social Movements	

### 5.5.2 Commitment II

Table 8 – Background of Commitment II of the "Bringing Justice Closer to Citizens" opportunity area

What is the issue	The lack of access to judicial information is one of the obstacles to the		
addressed by the	realization of right by citizens and justice professionals, and also in keeping		
commitment?	safeguarding tools to improve the quality of justice both provided to citizens		
	and entitled to by citizens. Presently, jurisprudence has taken on a very		
	important role in procedural management, in fighting tardiness of justice,		
	standardizing decisions, empowering the Judiciary to make the principle of		
	equality effective before the law, making judicial institutions more responsive		
	and accountable, focusing on the principle of publicizing judicial related		
	transparency decisions and gains.		
What is the	Increase the number of jurisprudence available online and improve its portal		
commitment?	– https://jurisprudencia.cv/.		
The constitution	Allanos ano sitia an animatina anamatanta assas and desiria na fire alimant		
How will the	Allows any citizen or justice operator to access court decisions freely and		
commitment help	free of charge;		
solve the issue	<ul> <li>Increase the materialization of the principle of publicizing judicial</li> </ul>		
identified?	decisions and transparency in justice.		



Why is the	A citizen who is informed and aware of the laws, rights and duties of justice		
commitment relevant	institutions will be better equipped to demand more transparency,		
to OGP values?	accountability, meaningfully participate and feel included in the country's		
	decision making. Thus, the commitment listed is directly related to OGP		
	values.		
Additional information	The platform is in place and contains judicial decisions of only 3 superior		
	courts.		
Description of	More mindful and responsible decision-making:		
expected outcomes	Justice closer to citizens;		
	Optimization and efficiency of the means made available to justice		
	operators;		
	Reduced delays and court costs.		

Macro activities		Starting date	Completion date
Make judicial decisions available on the jurisprudência.cv platform		January, 2023	January, 2025
Technologically improve the portal to make court decisions available - jurisprudência.cv		January, 2023	January, 2025
Expand the scope and number of decisions available on the platform - jurisprudência.cv		January, 2023	January, 2025
Entity in charge	Superior Court of the Judiciary (CMSJ)		
Contact information	marlene.z.vicente@csmj.gov.cv; ana.msilva@csmj.gov.cv		
Other entities involved	Ministry of Justice (MJ); Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP); Operational Nucleolus for the Information Society (NOSi); Ombudsman; National Association of Municipalities of		

Cabo Verde (ANMCV); Praia Network of Community Associations and Social Movements

### **6 Summary table of commitments**

The following table gathers all the commitments contained in the National Action Plan for Open Government Cabo Verde, including a range of relevant information for its execution during the period of validity - 2023 to 2025.

Table 9 – Summary Table of Commitments

Partners			
Commitments	Entity in charge	Public entities	Civil Society Private Sector and NGO's
Establishment and approval of open data policy and develop Open Data	Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration /National Directorate for Modernization of the State;	<ul> <li>Operational         Nucleolus for the Information Society (NOSi);         National Institute of Statistics;         National Committee for Personal Data Protection         Multisector Regulatory Agency for the Economy         Ministry of Education     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)     </li> </ul>
Development of statistic project  MasterData	National Institute of Statistics (INE)	<ul> <li>Operational         Nucleolus for the         Information Society         (NOSi;     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of         Municipalities of         Cabo Verde         (ANMCV)     </li> </ul>







		<ul> <li>National Committee for Personal Data Protection (CNPD);</li> <li>National Council of Statistics (CNEST)</li> </ul>	
Development of a computer platform providing a repository of public services	Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration / National Directorate for Modernization of the State	<ul> <li>Operational         Nucleolus for the         Information Society         (NOSi);         </li> <li>All Ministries</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)     </li> </ul>
Joining the FiTI	Ministry of Sea /National Directorate of Fisheries and Aquaculture;	<ul> <li>Ministry of Agriculture and Environment;</li> <li>Ministry of Industry, Trade and Energy;</li> <li>National Port Administration Company (ENAPOR, S.A.);</li> <li>Ministry Territorial Cohesion;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multisector         Group for         Transparency in         Fisheries;</li> <li>Lantuna         Association;</li> <li>Praia Network of         Community         Associations and         Social         Movements         (RACMS)</li> </ul>
Fiscal Transparency Portal	Ministry of Finance and Business Development /National Directorate for Budget and Accounting (DNOCP)	<ul> <li>Ministry of         Modernization of the         State and Public         Administration /         National Directorate         General for         Modernization of the         State</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)     </li> <li>Sotavento Chamber of Commerce</li> </ul>





Disclosure of budgetary and fiscal information in language accessible to civil society.	Ministry of Finance and Business Development	<ul> <li>Regulatory Agency for Public Procurement (ARAP)</li> <li>Court of Auditors</li> <li>Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP);</li> <li>Regulatory Agency for Public Procurement (ARAP);</li> <li>Court of Auditors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of         Municipalities of         Cabo Verde         (ANMCV)</li> <li>Sotavento         Chamber of         Commerce</li> </ul>
Establishment of mechanisms that ensure more accessibility in legal language	Ministry of Justice	<ul> <li>Superior Council of the Judiciary</li> <li>Superior Council of the Judiciary of the General</li> <li>Prosecutor's Office;</li> <li>Ombudsman;</li> <li>Ministry of Modernization of the State and Public Administration (MMEAP)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)Praia         Network of Community         Associations and Social         Movements (RACMS)     </li> </ul>
Increase in the number of jurisprudence available online and improve its portal-https://jurisprudencia.cv/	Superior Council of the Judiciary	<ul> <li>Ministry of Justice</li> <li>Ministry of         Modernization of the         State and Public         Administration         (MMEAP)</li> <li>Operational         Nucleolus for the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National         Association of Municipalities of Cabo Verde (ANMCV)     </li> <li>Praia Network of Community         Associations and     </li> </ul>







Information Society	Social
(NOSi))	Movements
<ul> <li>Ombudsman</li> </ul>	(RACMS)



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