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### **INITIALS AND ACRONYMS**

ATRAHDOM Asociación de Trabajadores del Hogar, a Domicilio y de Maquila CAIMUS Red Nacional del Centro de Apoyo Integral para Mujeres Sobrevivientes de Violencia CEIDEPAZ Centro de Investigaciones y Proyectos para el Desarrollo Juntos por el Desarrollo y la Paz **CIIDH** Centro Internacional para Investigaciones en Derechos Humanos **CODEFEM** Asociación Colectiva para la Defensa de los Derechos de las Mujeres en Guatemala **CONAMIGUA** Consejo Nacional de Atención al Migrante de Guatemala CONAPREVI Coordinadora Nacional para la Prevención de la Violencia Intrafamiliar y contra las Mujeres **CoST** Iniciativa de Transparencia en Infraestructura CoST Guatemala **CPCC** Comisión Presidencial Contra la Corrupción **DEMI** Defensoría de la Mujer Indígena **ENSMI** Encuesta Nacional de Salud Materno Infantil Funprosperiti Fundación Prosperiti Guatecívica GAE Comisión Presidencial de Gobierno Abierto y Electrónica GCNN Gran Cruzada Nacional por la Nutrición **GGM** Grupo Guatemalteco de Mujeres **GIA** Grupo de Instituciones de Apoyo INAP Instituto Nacional de Administración Pública **INCOPAS** Instancia de Consulta y Participación Social INTECAP Instituto Técnico de Capacitación y Productividad MAGA Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería y Alimentación MIDES Ministerio de Desarrollo Social MINEDUC Ministerio de Educación MINGOB Ministerio de Gobernación MINTRAB Ministerio de Trabajo y Previsión Social MMM Mesa Multisectorial para la Atención a las Causas de la Migración Irregular en Guatemala MSPAS Ministerio de Salud Pública y Asistencia Social **OC4IDS** Estándar Internacional de Datos Abiertos en Infraestructura **OSC** Organizaciones de Sociedad Civil PLANOVI Plan Nacional para la Prevención y Erradicación de la Violencia Contra las Mujeres **SAN** Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutricional SECAI Secretaría de Acceso a la Información Pública **SENACYT** Secretaría Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología **SEPREM** Secretaría Presidencial de la Mujer SESAN Secretaría de Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutricional **SINAFOL** Sistema Nacional de Formación Laboral

SINASAN Sistema Nacional de Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutricional
 SINSAN Sistema de Información Nacional de Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutricional
 SITRADOM Sindicato de Trabajadores Domésticas, de Maquila, Nexas y Conexas
 UNICEF Fondo de las Naciones Unidas para la Infancia

### INTRODUCTION

The State of Guatemala is part of the World Alliance for Open Government, Open Government Partnership (for its acronym in English) since 2011, later defining, in 2012, its first National Open Government Action Plan, Valid for two years, and from said precedent, the country promotes biannually processes of Co-creation and implementation of National Open Government Action Plans, in observance of the participation mechanisms established by the World Alliance for Open Government.

By virtue of the foregoing, in follow-up to the adhesion of the country to such an important Alliance, in compliance with the promotion by the State of Guatemala, of actions aimed at promoting integral human development, taking into account the principles of open government, these being, transparency, citizen participation and collaboration, was approved for its entry into force from June 30, 2023, the 6th. National Open Government Action Plan 2023-2025, which is detailed below.

Table of Co creation of commitments of the 6th. National Open Government Action Plan 2023-2025 - June 2023





# Record and Activities of the Co-creation Process and revision of the



### RECORD

On February 27, 2023, the 2023 Memorandum for Guatemala was received by the Presidential Commission for Open and Electronic Government, by the Country Support Unit for North America, Central America and the Caribbean, which contained the recommendations made to the country. regarding the process of Co-creation of the 6th. National Open Government Action Plan, taking into consideration that the 5th. National Open Government Action Plan 2021-2023, of the country, would end its validity on August 31 of the aforementioned year, with the country following up on the deadlines established by the World Alliance for Open Government, which will Co Create its new Plan of National Action on the matter, in the year 2023.

On February 28 of the same year, the Open Government Technical Committee, in its capacity as Multi-stakeholder Forum of the Open Government Initiative in Guatemala, was informed of the aforementioned Memorandum at its 171st meeting, proceeding from that date, to the analysis of the recommendations established by the World Alliance for Open Government, regarding the Cocreation of a new National Action Plan, for the country, by the Presidential Commission for Open and Electronic Government and social organizations that are part of the Initiative in question.

By virtue of the foregoing, on April 10, 2023, an official letter in response to memorandum 2023 was sent by the Presidential Commission to the Support Unit for North American, Central American and Caribbean Countries of the World Alliance for the Open Government, in order to make it known that the process of Co-creation of the 6th would begin. National Open Government Action Plan, of Guatemala, during the year 2023, attending to the purpose of the aforementioned Presidential Commission.

Subsequently, a series of bilateral meetings were held with the World Alliance for Open Government, with the purpose of having the orientation at the international level of said Alliance and carrying out a co-creation process, attached to the international standards promoted by it., in compliance with the mechanisms of co-creation and participation of the national action plans on the matter.

On May 30, it was approved that said day would be established as the start date of the formal process of Co-creation of the 6th. National Action Plan 2023 - 2025, in a meeting on "Presentation of proposal, scope, methodology and schedule of the Co-creation process of the 6th. National Open Government Action Plan", a process defined for its materialization until June 30, 2023, in compliance with the deadlines for the country established by the World Alliance for Open Government.

On June 5 of this year, at the 179th meeting of the Open Government Technical Committee, in its capacity as a Multi-stakeholder Forum, the themes for the definition of commitments and milestones of the National Action Plan were defined, these being: open data, food and nutrition security, transparency in infrastructure in the health sector, and migration and poverty reduction. After the definition of these issues in a joint process between civil society organizations and public institutions, the issues validated in the Multi-stakeholder Forum were sent to the Presidential Commission on Open and Electronic Government, in order to have the reasoned response of said Commission. on the topics validated in said space for concertation and dialogue.

Subsequently, there was institutional validation of the topics to be included in the National Action Plan, in response to the request made by the social organizations participating in the Open Government Initiative in Guatemala, defining them through the Reasoned response from the

Presidential Commission, these being: Open data and transparency; Food and nutrition security; Transparency in construction in health and education; Irregular migration and poverty reduction.

Having all the themes validated in the various corresponding spaces, the Co-creation Tables of commitments and milestones of the Plan were held, which were held on June 12, 13, 14 and 15, from which emanated the 6 commitments of the Plan, as well as 20 milestones. Subsequently, commitment template review and validation meetings were held on June 16, 19 and 20. Additional meetings were held to validate commitments, as well as a specific meeting on the drafting and style of the Plan, through the participation of a Drafting and Style Committee defined in the Open Government Technical Committee made up of representatives of social organizations and the public institutionality.

It concluded with the orientation of the Independent Review Mechanism carried out on June 27 of the current year. The presentation of the national action plan was defined on June 27, 2023, in a meeting of Open Government Technical Committee number 180, so that the official launch of the National Action Plan, be held on June 30, 2023. The 6th. National Action Plan will be in force as of June 30 from 2023 to June 30, 2025.



Working Group for the co-creation of the Open Data and Transparency Commitment



Working Group for the co-creation of the Food and Nutrition Security Commitment



Working Group for the co-creation of the Infrastructure Commitment in the Health and Education Sector



Irregular Migration Commitment Co-creation Working Group



Working group for the co-creation of the Violence Reduction Commitment

# Themes of the



OPEN DATA AND TRANSPARENCY

FOOD AND NUTRITION SECURITY

AND EDUCATION SECTOR

INFRASTRUCTURE IN THE HEALTH

AND EDUCATION SECTOR

IRRECULAR MIGRATION

VIOLENCE REDUCTION

**Themes** 

# Commitments of the



	1	INSTITUTIONAL ACTIONS TO STRENGTHEN DATA OPENNESS
	2	ACTIONS AIMED AT THE STRENGTHENING OF FOOD AND NUTRITIONAL SECURITY
ents	3	STRENGTHENING OF TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROCESSES FOR HEALTH AND EDUCATION INFRASTRUCTURE
Commitments	4	MANAGEMENT OF THE MULTISECTORAL STRATEGY AND INTERINSTITUTIONAL COORDINATION PLAN TO ADDRESS THE CAUSES OF IRREGULAR MIGRATION IN GUATEMALA
ပိ	5	STRENGTHENING OF NATIONAL MECHANISMS IN THE FIELD OF PREVENTION, CARE, DIGNIFIED REPAIR AND REDUCTION OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN (CONAPREVI - SEPREM – DEMI - CAIMUS)
	6	PROMOTE ORDERLY, SAFE, REGULAR AND CIRCULAR LABOR MOBILITY THROUGH TRAINING ACTIONS, GENERATION OF STATISTICS AND CAMPAIGNS

# **Commitments of the**



# Institutional Actions to Strengthen Open Data

Temporality of Commitment

30.6.2023 / 14.1.2024 30.6.2025

COMMITMENT



**Engagement Manager** 

Presidential Commission for Open and Electronic Government -GAE-

Supporting stakeholders Government, Civil Society, Other actors (parliaments, private sector, etc.)

- Prosperiti Guatecivic Foundation
- ► International Center for Human Rights Research -CiiDH-
- ► Collective Association for the Defense of Women's Rights in Guatemala -CODEFEM-
- ► Guatemalan Women's Group -GGM-
- Citizen Network Organization
- ► Dialogues Civil Association
- ▶ Infrastructure Transparency Initiative -CoST Guatemala-

Brief description of the commitment

This commitment seeks that the Ministries define and begin the execution of a strategy for the opening of data, including citizen participation.

What is the problem that the compromise seeks to address?

The information and data generated by the government institutions of the Executive Branch are limited and not accessible in open data, which hinders transparency, governance, accountability and citizen participation, this creates a gap between citizens and the government, preventing the latter from having access to the relevant and necessary information to make informed decisions and actively participate in the formulation of public policies.

The commitment seeks to promote the opening of data in the Executive Branch, establishing specific strategies and actions so that the information is accessible, transparent and reusable, as well as promoting citizen participation in this process, it seeks to empower citizens and promote greater collaboration between government and civil society.

What are the causes of the problem?

There are no processes established in the institutions that formalize citizen participation, as well as for the definition and opening of data and information, from the point of view of demand.

Lack of guidelines that standardize the structuring of the data and its publication in the government institutions of the executive body

In some government institutions, there may be a culture of keeping information restricted and limiting access to it. This may be due to security, privacy or a lack of understanding of the benefits of open data (Organizational culture).

The opening of data requires technical, technological and human resources to collect, process and publish information in an accessible and understandable way. The lack of investment in infrastructure, tools and training can be a limitation to implement open data policies effectively (Lack of resources and capacities).

There may be a lack of awareness about the benefits that open data can bring both to government management and to the population in general. This can lead to a lack of motivation to adopt more open and transparent practices (Ignorance of the benefits).

There are legitimate concerns about privacy protection and data security, especially when it comes to sensitive information. These concerns may lead to a more cautious approach to opening up data, which may restrict your access (Privacy and Security Concerns).

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMITMENT**

What has been done so far to solve the problem?

- ► The Co-creation of the National Open Data Policy Government Agreement 199-2018 was carried out.
- ► Trainings were carried out and massive and open online courses MOC were carried out by the National Institute of Public Administration INAP -, with the support of the Presidential Commission for Open and Electronic Government GAE -, National Secretariat of Science and Technology SENACYT and Ministry of the Interior MINGOB -.
- Support from the Secretariat for Access to Public Information SECAI for the publication of Public Information in open formats.
- Participatory updating of the Digital Government Plan that has Electronic Government programs in which some of the standard projects are considered a) Opening of Data, b) Participation and collaboration.
- ► The organization of multisectoral tables for the co-creation of the update of the National Open Data Policy.

What solution do you propose?

Formalize the opening and participation processes in the Ministries. That there be an awareness and training strategy on the topics of Participation, Collaboration and Opening of Data.

It seeks to establish formal processes that promote open data and citizen participation in the Executive Branch, which implies the definition of clear policies and the creation of institutional mechanisms that ensure transparency, governance, accountability, access to information , which includes the implementation of a comprehensive strategy to raise awareness and training on the subject.

What results do we want to achieve with the implementation of this commitment?

- ► The Executive Branch is expected to implement effective strategies for the opening of data, which facilitates access to relevant data and the promotion of transparency in government management.
- Through the incorporation of citizen participation in the data opening process, it is expected to strengthen the relationship between the government and citizens, through co-creation and collaboration in the Executive's proposals and strategies, which will allow decision-making. decisions more inclusive and based on the needs of citizens.
- ▶ The availability of open data and citizen participation can stimulate innovation and the generation of value through the use of information, which can be used by researchers and the general population to develop new solutions to problems and public policies, as well as Knowledge that benefits the country (Innovation and value generation).

### **ENGAGEMENT ANALYSIS**

How will you promote transparency in engagement?

This commitment will promote the transparency of your institution, by presenting a data opening project based on the e-government program template.

How will engagement help foster accountability?

This commitment will foster the accountability of each institution, by presenting a data opening project based on the e-government program template.

How will citizen participation improve engagement in the definition, implementation and monitoring of solutions?

This commitment will promote citizen participation in each ministry since the objective is to create spaces for civil society to interact with each public institution to request the data that is of interest to them.

## **ENGAGEMENT PLANNING**

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Con	cerned Pa	rties									
Activity 1  Take advantage of a table of			In the institutions of the		Januar	In the institutions of the		January	Responsi	ble GAE					
public innovators so that, in a participatory manner with civil	Executive Branch, the Template of Electronic Government Programs is	July	2024	Suppor	ting stakeh	olders									
society, sets of data or reports are proposed to be published as part	updated where the Opening of Data can be integrated.	2023	(Jupo	Government	CSOs Citizen Network	Others									
or data operiing.	f data opening.' of Data can be integrated.		(June 2025)	GAE	Organization  Dialogues Civil Association	Construction Transparency Initiative CoST Guatemala									
				Responsi	ble										
Activity 2  The Presidential Commission for Open and Electronic Congression	That a data opening strategy can be developed for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including citizen participation and promoting the creation of web observatories for accountability and transparency.  January  2024  2025	strategy can be developed for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July	strategy can be developed for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July		January	Responsi	GAE								
Open and Electronic Government - GAE- will carry out (4) awareness and training workshops for public institutions and civil society, on				for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July	for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July		for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July	for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including  Janua  2024		for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July	for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including	for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July	for the institutions of the Executive Branch, including July		Suppor
open data, with the support of the "Participation" and Collaboration"		2023	Government	CSOs	Others										
and "Data Opening" projects included in Electronic Government Programs, which facilitate the collaborative definition of useful data sets.				GAE	Citizen Network Organization Dialogues Civil Association	Construction Transparency Initiative CoST Guatemala									
				Dospopsi	blo										
				Responsi	GAE										
Activity 3  Creation of an open data	That measurements of the open data strategy for the		January	Suppor	ting stakeh	olders									
observatory The Presidential Commission for	institutions of the Executive Branch can be developed,	July	2024	Government	CSOs	Others									
Open and Electronic Government - GAE - in collaboration with Civil Society will carry out a measurement of the progress in the processes of opening open data.	including citizen participation and promoting the creation of web observatories for accountability and transparency.	2023	(June 2025)	GAE	Citizen Network Organization GUATECIVICA Dialogues Civil Association CODEFEM	Construction Transparency Initiative CoST Guatemala									
					CIIDH										

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties			
Activity 4  Monitoring and strengthening of access to public information from the perspective of citizens.	Report on the exercise of access to public information by civil organizations.  training and technical assistance to civil organizations involved.  training for Public Information	July	August 2024	Support  Government	CPCC	<b>nolders</b> Others	
	Units of the Executive Branch.  Dissemination of results to those responsible for the Public Information Units of the Executive Branch and the regulatory authority on the matter.	2023	(June 2025)		CIIDH		

# Actions Aimed at Strengthening Food and Nutrition Security

Temporality of Commitment

30.6.2023 / 14.1.2024 30.6.2025

COMMITMENT

2

**Engagement Manager** 

Secretariat of Food and Nutrition Security of the Presidency of the Republic -SESAN-

Supporting stakeholders Government, Civil Society, Other actors (parliaments, private sector, etc.)

- Prosperity Guatecivica
- ► International Center for Human Rights Research -CIIDH-
- ▶ Instance of Consultation and Social Participation -INCOPAS-
- ► Association of Domestic, Home and Maquila Workers -ATRAHDOM-
- ► Union of Domestic, Maquila, Nexas and Related Workers -SITRADOM-

Brief description of the commitment

Based on Article 22 of the National Food and Nutrition Security System Law (SINASAN), SESAN is the institution in charge of establishing technical planning and coordination procedures between State institutions, Guatemalan society, non-governmental organizations and international cooperation agencies linked to food and nutrition security (SAN), at the different levels of the country (national, departmental, municipal and community). Currently, the Great National Crusade for Nutrition is underway, whose objective is to improve the health and nutrition of the Guatemalan population, with emphasis on children under five years of age, preschoolers and schoolchildren, women of childbearing age, rural and indigenous populations, in situations of poverty and extreme poverty. Currently, the Great National Crusade for Nutrition (GCNN) is underway. The results of the 2021-2022 GCNN baseline show that 46% of children from 0 to 59 months have chronic malnutrition; Although the methodology used in the ENSMI and the GCNN baseline methodology are different, in the absence of an ENSMI, this result can be used to determine the behavior of the indicator of chronic malnutrition in children under five years of age. at the national level.

The SINSAN structure includes the following entities: National Council for Food and Nutrition Security, Departmental, Municipal and Community Commission for Food and Nutrition Security, Technical Committee for Inter-institutional Liaison. In addition, they participate in the analysis and decision making, in the group of Support Institutions (GIA) and the Instance of Consultation and Social Participation (INCOPAS).

What is the problem that the compromise seeks to address?

According to the National Maternal and Child Health Survey -ENSMI carried out in 2014-2015, 46.5% of children under five years of age have chronic malnutrition. In Latin America and the Caribbean, Guatemala ranks first in the prevalence of chronic malnutrition. In childhood under 5 years, and the sixth place worldwide.

What are the causes of the problem?

The conceptual framework of the causes of malnutrition in childhood disseminated by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) proposes three large groups: a) Immediate causes: related to the inadequate intake of food and micronutrients and type diseases. infectious; b) Underlying Causes: related to food insecurity in the home, which is associated with limited availability of food, lack of access to it and its inappropriate use; c) Basic causes: related to the political, economic and ideological structures in society that regulate access to resources, education and opportunities and that ultimately determine the poverty of families.

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMITMENT**

What has been done so far to solve the problem?

In recent years, from the political, legal, financial and technical points of view; The institutional framework of the Guatemalan SAN has been consolidated and several governments have contributed to this solidity, which has led to the establishment of new institutions, the creation of stable policies, an increase in the budget, improved ministerial articulation, opening spaces for the Comptroller General of Accounts and participation and launch new transparency and accountability instruments; This situation has led to the current positioning of the issue of FNS and chronic malnutrition on the public and private agendas.

However, since chronic malnutrition is a complex and multi-causal problem, there is little progress in reducing the prevalence of chronic malnutrition in children under five years of age. In addition, since 2015, no other ENSMI has been carried out to measure the prevalence of chronic malnutrition in this age group.

Currently, the Great National Crusade for Nutrition (GCNN) is underway. The results of the 2021-2022 GCNN baseline show that 46% of children from 0 to 59 months have chronic malnutrition; Although the methodology used in the ENSMI and the GCNN baseline methodology are different, in the absence of

an ENSMI, this result can be used to determine the behavior of the indicator of chronic malnutrition in children under five years of age. at the national level.

What solution do you propose?

Facilitate access to information generated by SESAN personnel, so that users can analyze information related to the SAN.

What results do we want to achieve with the implementation of this commitment?

As part of the accountability and transparency processes, it is expected that, through the publication of open data, the user participates in the analysis and promotion of he FNS.

### **ENGAGEMENT ANALYSIS**

How will you promote transparency in engagement?

Through the publication of open data on the page of the National Food and Nutrition Security Information System (SINSAN), related to the different activities carried out by SESAN personnel, so that they can be analyzed by users.

How will engagement help foster accountability?

Through the publication of open data on the SINSAN page.

How will citizen participation improve engagement in the definition, implementation and monitoring of solutions? It is expected that with the access to open data generated by SESAN staff, users will participate in monitoring actions and propose solutions related to SAN.

## **ENGAGEMENT PLANNING**

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties			
Activity 1  Monitoring of the publication of open data in SIINSAN, coordinated by the Open Data Committee of the same.		July 2023	January 2024 (June 2025)	Se	t of Food and curity SESA ting stakeh	N	
Activity 2  Promote participation in the Technical Committee for Inter-			January	Responsible Secretariat of Food and Nutrition Security SESAN Supporting stakeholders			
institutional Liaison of Civil Society, through the Instance of Consultation and Social Participation -INCOPAS- (head and substitute).		July 2023	(June 2025)	Government		Others	
Activity 3				Se	t of Food and curity SESA	N	
Establish training processes with the use of information and communication technologies in a virtual, synchronous, asynchronous, hybrid and faceto-face manner within the framework of governance in food and nutrition security.		July	January 2024	Government	0000	Others	
		2023	(June 2025)	SESAN	Atrahdom SITRADOM CIIDH INCOPAS		

# Strengthening Transparency and Accountability Processes for Health and Education Infrastructure

Temporality of Commitment

30.6.2023 / 14.1.2024 30.6.2025

COMMITMENT

3

**Engagement Manager** 

Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance – MSPAS-

Ministry of Education - MINEDUC -

Supporting stakeholders Government, Civil Society, Other actors (parliaments, private sector, etc.)

- Prosperity Guatecivica Foundation
- Citizen Network Organization
- ► CoST Guatemala Infrastructure Transparency Initiative

Brief description of the commitment This commitment is limited to the Implementation of CoST mechanisms to strengthen transparency and accountability processes in health and education infrastructure, in order to ensure broad disclosure and citizen participation in infrastructure procurement, making them more competitive. and fair, ensuring the achievement of proposed results.

What is the problem that the compromise seeks to address?

"Certain health and education infrastructure projects do not comply with current regulations that contemplate the "International Open Data Standard on Infrastructure" – OC4IDS, which limits accountability, transparency and social auditing.

What are the causes of the problem?

The format of infrastructure data in health and education is not standardized, causing noncompliance with current regulations related to the "International Open Data Standard on Infrastructure" - OC4IDS -. Likewise, the existence of administrative guidelines and mechanisms for compliance with the standard is unknown.

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMITMENT**

What has been done so far to solve the problem?

A specific milestone was included in the 5th National Open Government Action Plan 2021-2023 for the dissemination of the "International Open Data Standard on Infrastructure" - OC4IDS - aimed at officials and representatives of civil society organizations and citizens in general, the which concluded in June 2023.

What solution do you propose?

The integration of a Multisectoral Technical Roundtable for the analysis of the current levels of compliance with the "International Open Data Standard on Infrastructure" - OC4IDS - in infrastructure projects for health and education; as well as the formulation of recommendations to be adopted by the Ministries of Public Health and Social Assistance -MSPAS- and Education -MINEDUC-.

What results do we want to achieve with the implementation of this commitment?

The application of the "International Standard for Open Data in Infrastructure" – OC4IDS – to each of the health and education projects to be executed by the executing units.

### **ENGAGEMENT ANALYSIS**

How will you promote transparency in engagement? Through the application of the "International Open Data Standard on Infrastructure" - OC4IDS - in infrastructure projects in health and education.

How will engagement help foster accountability?

Making pre-investment, execution and liquidation processes of public health and education infrastructure projects transparent.

How will citizen participation improve engagement in the definition, implementation and monitoring of solutions?

Through the opening of multisectoral spaces within the Multisectoral Technical Table that will be being formed and the application of methodologies contemplated by the user committees.

## **ENGAGEMENT PLANNING**

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties		
Activity 1  Continuity of the development process in open data format of the official website of the Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance - MSPAS - on "health data" with emphasis on infrastructure that generates fixed capital.	That the Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance -MSPAS - and the Ministry of Education - MINEDUC -, provide citizens with standardized data that can be reused, integrated, allowing immediate access to the information generated in infrastructure, generating value added to citizen.	July 2023	January 2024 (June 2025)	Responsible  Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance MSPAS  Supporting stakeholders  Government CSOs Other  MSPAS GUATECIVICA MINEDUC GRID CITIZEN  Cost	ers	
Activity 2  Continuity of the integration process of the technical table for the Analysis of health infrastructure for the implementation of recommendations raised by the Infrastructure Transparency initiative, which will include the guidelines for receiving works and presenting a report on the actions carried out in accordance with the recommendations.	That the Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance -MSPAS - and the Ministry of Education - MINEDUC - make available to the public through their websites relevant information as detailed and updated as possible on health and education infrastructure, without the need application required by citizens, in compliance with the recommendations formulated in the Multisectoral Technical Roundtable.	July 2023	January 2024 (June 2025)	Responsible  Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance MSPAS  Supporting stakeholders  Government CSOs Other  MSPAS MINEDUC  GUATECIVICA  COST	ers	

# Management of the Multisectoral Strategy and Interinstitutional Coordination Plan to Address the Causes of Irregular Migration in Guatemala

Temporality of Commitment

30.6.2023 / 14.1.2024 30.6.2025

COMMITMENT

4

**Engagement Manager** 

National Council for Migrant Assistance of Guatemala -CONAMIGUA with the support of the Center for Research and Projects for Development and Peace -CEIDEPAZ- and the members of the MMM

Supporting stakeholders
Government,
Civil Society, Other actors
(parliaments, private sector, etc.)

- Ministries
- Secretaries
- Technical Institute for Training and Productivity INTECAP
- ► Attorney General's Office Nation
- Attorney for Human rights
- Public Ministry
- Migrant Commission of the Congress of the Republic of Guatemala

- ► CEIDEPAZ
- Guatemalan Women`s Group
- ► Air Association
- Disparity Observatory
- Association of Returnees of Guatemala
- Articulating Group
- Faith and Joy
- ▶ Butterfly Wings
- ► CIIDH

- ► International Cooperation
- Academy
- ► FLACSO
- ► International Red Cross
- Organization International for Migrations

Brief description of the commitment

Establish a Multisectoral coordination space to analyze and implement the necessary actions that contribute to the reduction of irregular migration, with actions with a preventive, transformative and inclusive approach, in accordance with what is established in commitment number 4 of the 6th. National Open Government Action Plan. (General Objective of the MMM).

What is the problem that the compromise seeks to address? The multiple social, economic, human, community and family implications caused by irregular migration, particularly in terms of risks and vulnerabilities of the Guatemalan migrant populations, support a change in the migratory paradigm towards an orderly, safe and regular migration in accordance with what establishes commitment number 4 of the 6th. National Action Plan for Open and Electronic Government.

What are the causes of the problem?

Factors associated with irregular migration, such as extreme poverty, food insecurity, unemployment and rural development, climate change, and factors associated with the incidence of people traffickers.

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMITMENT**

What has been done so far to solve the problem?

At the end of 2022, conditions were generated for the establishment of a space for interinstitutional and multisectoral articulation, voluntary, collaborative, open and inclusive within the framework of the 5th. National Action Plan for Open and Electronic Government, being embodied in Commitment number 8, "Design of strategy and inter-institutional coordination plan for the reduction of irregular migration", which contemplates the fulfillment of 3 milestones: 1) The establishment of a Roundtable Multisectoral for Attention to the Causes of Irregular Migration 2) The design, by the Multisectoral Table for Attention to the Causes of Irregular Migration MMM, of an inter-institutional coordination Strategy, which allows attention with territorial, social and ethnic groups, to the most vulnerable population segments, from the areas with the highest rates of irregular emigration and 3) Accountability in the CONAMIGUA Institutional Portal that includes: a) Actions eventually carried out by the MMM, and b) Interinstitutional coordination activities carried out.

Of the 3 milestones, 1 and 3 have been 100% met by August 2023. In the case of milestone 2, referring to the Interinstitutional Coordination Strategy, 75% progress has been made, due to the fact that a construction process of the proposal in an inter-institutional and inter-sectoral manner, a process that involves the review, validation and formulation of actions in a participatory manner, with full compliance projected by October 2023, considering that it was approved by the Multisectoral Table and representatives of Open Government, the extension of the deadline and the commitment in the 6th. National Action Plan for Open and Electronic Government 2023-2025. During the year 2023, to date, the Multisectoral Table for Attention to the Causes of Irregular Migration in Guatemala, is in force and functioning. A monthly meeting is held and issues related to irregular migration in Guatemala and the articulated actions to analyze the causes that generate irregular migration are aborted.

Progress has been made in the Design of an Inter-institutional Coordination Strategy and Action Plan to guide the operation of the MMM, there is a map of actors that make up the Roundtable and there is a territorial analysis document related to the causes that generate irregular migration in Guatemala.

What solution do you propose? Management of the Multisectoral Strategy and Inter-institutional Coordination Plan, which makes it possible to attend with territorial, ethnic, age, gender and socioeconomic relevance, to the most vulnerable population segments in the areas with the highest rates of irregular emigration.

Address the problem from various axes: information, training and awareness.

Design and implement awareness and information campaigns on the risks posed by migrating irregularly.

What results do we want to achieve with the implementation of this commitment?

Strengthened inter-institutional coordination.

The operation of the MMM.

Implement Multisectoral Actions for the Reduction of Irregular Migration in Guatemala.

Promotion of regular, safe and orderly migration.

Inform about the risks that migrating irregularly represents.

Transparency and accountability.

### **ENGAGEMENT ANALYSIS**

How will you promote transparency ir engagement? Accountability through the CONAMIGUA WEB page.

How will engagement help foster accountability?

With transparency in the execution of budgets.

Reporting on inter-institutional and multi-sector coordination actions within the framework of the MMM.

How will citizen participation improve engagement in the definition, implementation and monitoring of solutions?

The MMM working.

Implementing action plans to counter irregular migration.

Citizens will be able to consult the articulated actions that are proposed in the MMM.

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties		
Activity 1  Strengthening and continuity of the Multisectoral Table for Attention to the Causes of Migration (MMM) that systemically, systematically and periodically evaluates the causes, impacts and trends of irregular migration in Guatemala, from the territorial, ethnic, age, gender and socioeconomic, in order for the MMM to design and propose measures and mechanisms that allow comprehensive care and protection of the human rights of the population at risk of migrating irregularly.	Strengthening and continuity of the Multisectoral Table for Attention to the Causes of Irregular Migration in Guatemala. and its results.	June 30, 2023	January 2024	Migra Co	Council for At ants of Guate ONAMIGU ting stake	emala JA
Activity 2				Responsible  National Council for Attention  Migrants of Guatemala		emala
The design, by the MMM, of an Inter-institutional and Multi-sector Coordination Strategy and Plan, which allows the most vulnerable population segments, in the areas with the highest rates of irregular emigration.	Strategy and Interinstitutional Coordination Plan Validated by the Multisectoral Roundtable for Attention to the		2	Support	0000	
emigration.  Management and Socialization	Causes of Irregular Migration in Guatemala.		January 2024	-CONAMIGUA -IGM -PGN	-CEIDEPAZ -Observatorio de Discapacidad	CICR

Management and Socialization of the Interinstitutional and Multisectoral Coordination

Strategy and Plan that allows

serving with territorial, ethnic, age, gender and socioeconomic relevance, the most vulnerable population segments, in the areas with the highest rates of irregular emigration.

Socialization and management of the Interinstitutional and Multisectoral Coordination Strategy and Plan by the Multisectoral Roundtable for Attention to the Causes of Irregular Migration in Guatemala.

June 30,

2023

	Support						
	Government	CSOs	Others				
January 2024	-CONAMIGUA -IGM -PGN -SBS -MP	-CEIDEPAZ -Observatorio de Discapacidad -Grupo articulador	CICR				
June 30, 2025	-MAGA -MINEX -PDH -MINEDUC -SVET	de Sociedad Civil para las Migraciones -Fundación Fe y Alegría	ALTERATIVAS GIZ				
	-MSPAS -SEGEPLAN -MINTRAB -PNC/MIN-	-GGM -ARG	Plan Internacional				
	GOB -MINECO	-Alas de Mariposa	FLASCO				
	-MCD -INTECAP	-Asociación Aire	OIM				
	-Comisión del Migrantes/ Organismo legislativo -MIDES	-Prosperiti Guatecívica -CIIDH	USAID				

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Cond	erned Pa	arties		
Activity 3						Migra C	ole Council for A ants of Guate ONAMIGU	emala JA
Follow-up, monitoring and evaluation for the rendering of Accounts in the CONAMIGUA Institutional Portal and its publication in open data format that includes:  Actions carried out by the MMM.  Inter-institutional coordination activities carried out.  Other information that arises from the demand for data from the members of the MMM.	Accountability and Strengthened inter-institutional coordination.	June 30, 2023	January 2024 June 30, 2025	Government  -CONAMIGUA -IGM -PGN -SBS -MP -MAGA -MINEX -PDH -MINEDUC -SVET -MSPAS -SEGEPLAN -MINTRAB -PNC/MIN-GOB -MICO -MCD -INTECAP -Comisión del Migrantes/ Organismo legislativo -MIDES	C3O3	Others  CICR  JICA  ALTERATIVAS  GIZ  Plan Internacional  FLASCO  OIM  USAID		

# National Mechanisms for Prevention, Care, Dignified Reparation and Reduction of Violence Against Women

(CONAPREVI - SEPREM - DEMI - CAIMUS)

Temporality of Commitment

30.6.2023 / 14.1.2024 30.6.2025

COMMITMENT

5

**Engagement Manager** 

Ministry of the Interior – MINGOB –

National Coordinator for the Prevention of Domestic Violence and Violence against Women -CONAPREVI-

Presidential Secretariat for Women -SEPREM-

Ombudsman for Indigenous Women - DEMI -

Supporting stakeholders
Government,
Civil Society, Other actors
(parliaments, private sector, etc.)

- Guatemalan Women's Group GGM -
- Collective Association for the Defense of the Rights of Women
   CODEFEM -
- ► National Network of the Comprehensive Support Center for Women Survivors of Violence CAIMUS -
- ▶ International Center for Human Rights Research CIIDH-

Brief description of the commitment

The purpose of this commitment is to strengthen institutional processes for the implementation of policies, plans and projects for the prevention of violence against women.

What is the problem that the compromise seeks to address?

The strengthening of actions and mechanisms aimed at preventing violence against women.

What are the causes of the problem?

Social and economic inequalities that impair the enjoyment of the right to a life free of violence and other fundamental freedoms.

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMITMENT**

What has been done so far to solve the problem?

Visualize it as the most reported crime in the country and the lethality of the problem.

The creation and promotion of compliance with mechanisms, laws, plans, policies and projects.

What solution do you propose?

Strengthening of national mechanisms for the advancement of women's human rights, including the Comprehensive Support Centers for Women Survivors of Violence - CAIMUS - for the comprehensive response to prevent, address, punish and eradicate violence against women.

What results do we want to achieve with the implementation of this commitment?

- a. The prevention of violence against women.
- b. Reduce violence against women.
- c. Improving access and comprehensive care for women survivors of violence.

### **ENGAGEMENT ANALYSIS**

How will you promote transparency in engagement?

Promote accountability; and report generation.

Compliance with the provisions of the Organic Budget Law and its Regulations regarding the implementation and use of the classifier gender budget.

How will engagement help foster accountability?

It makes transparent the progress in the implementation of national and international commitments regarding women's rights.

Improvement of traceability and coordination to expedite the transfer of funds destined for the Comprehensive Support Centers for Women Survivors of Violence - CAIMUS -

Verification of monitoring compliance with the National Plan for the Prevention and Eradication of Violence Against Women - PLANOVI-2020-2029.

How will citizen participation improve engagement in the definition, implementation and monitoring of solutions? Updating and contributing through dialogue to resolve the social scourge in compliance with the provisions of the applicable regulations on the matter.

Within the framework of the dialogue, civil society contributes with knowledge, monitoring results and proposals.

## **ENGAGEMENT PLANNING**

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties			
				Responsi	blo		
Activity 1							
The Ministry of the Interior	orts on quarterly MINGOB Greater traceability to the to know the status of the			Ministry of the Interior MINGOB			
-MINGOB- provides reports on budget allocations quarterly and executions made to the Comprehensive Support		quarterly MINGOB Greater traceability to the to know the status of the	January 2024	Suppor	ting stakel	nolders	
Centers for Women Survivors of	budget execution process linked to the expediting of			Government	CSOs	Others	
of organizations specialized in violence against women, maintaining active communication with women's organizations for the corresponding allocations.	ce - CAIMUS - in charge ganizations specialized in ce against women, aining active nunication with women's izations for the the funds that are assigned to the CAIMUS	June	(30	CONAPREVI	GGM CODEFEM Red Nacional de CAIMUS CIIDH		
				Responsi	hle		
						terior	
	Implementation of phase 1 of PLANOVI-2020-2026			Ministry of the Interior MINGOB			
Activity 2  Strengthening the National		June 2023	January	Supporting stakel		nolders	
Coordinator for the Prevention of			(30 June 2025)	Government	CSOs	Others	
Domestic Violence and against Women - CONAPREVI as the governing entity at the national level for the prevention, care and eradication of violence against women.				SEPREM- Ministerio de Gobernación - MINGOB			
				Responsi	ble		
				Ministr	y of the In MINGOB	terior	
Activity 3  Technical strengthening and	Budgetary increase of the mechanisms.		January 2024	Suppor	ting stakel	nolders	
budget allocations of the Presidential Secretariat for Women	Team with specialized knowledge relevant to their	June		Government	CSOs	Others	
-SEPREM- and the Ombudsman for Indigenous Women -DEMI- as mechanisms for the advancement of Human Rights for women.	functions.  Analysis of institutional plans and rethinking.	2023		SEPREM- Ministerio de Gobernación - MINGOB	Agenda Política Mujeres en la diversidad – APMD  Colectiva para la Defensa de los Derechos de las Mujeres -CODEFEM		

# Promote Orderly, Safe, Regular and Circular Labor Mobility Through Training Actions, Generation of Statistics and Campaigns

Temporality of Commitment

30.6.2023 / 30.6.2024

COMMITMENT

6

**Engagement Manager** 

Ministry of Labor - MINTRAB-

Presidential Commission for Open and Electronic Government -GAE-

Supporting stakeholders Government, Civil Society, Other actors (parliaments, private sector, etc.)

- Prosperiti GATECIVICA Foundation
- Center for Research and Development Projects Together for Development and Peace CEIDEPAZ
- ► International Center for Human Rights Research -CIIDH-

Brief description of the commitment

The commitment seeks to promote that people interested in working abroad migrate in a safe, regular and circular orderly manner. To this end, it contemplates creating a mechanism that articulates efforts for the training of Guatemalan workers' capacities, providing periodic statistical reports on labor mobility in Guatemala according to the records held by the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare, and implementing a communication campaign that reinforce the importance of migrating with a temporary work visa.

What is the problem that the compromise seeks to address?

Irregular labor migration to seek employment opportunities abroad.

What are the causes of the problem?

The lack of economic opportunities, violence and the desire to obtain higher remuneration lead to the search for job opportunities abroad, taking into account the demand for low-skilled labor in developed countries.

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMITMENT**

What has been done so far to solve the problem?

The Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare has strengthened the Temporary Work Program in order to provide an option from the public sector that promotes orderly, safe, regular and circular migration for those who want to opt for a job opportunity abroad. In this sense, the Program was institutionalized through Ministerial Agreement 163-2021; A redesign of processes was carried out to streamline recruitment and selection in order to respond to the needs of employers and be an attractive option to place their positions. It has also signed agreements with countries such as the United States of Mexico and Spain.

As a result of the above, the number of beneficiaries of this program increased exponentially compared to the 15 workers who traveled in 2019. In 2020, 119 workers traveled under the program, 916 temporary workers in 2021, and 2,525 in 2022. and only from January to June 2023, more than 2,600 Guatemalan workers have traveled.

Progress has also been made in the legal framework relating to labor mobility. In 2022, the Congress of the Republic issued Decree 10-2022, Law for the promotion of the work of the Guatemalan merchant marine abroad, which allows Guatemala to compete in the region to promote new opportunities for formal and decent work in the merchant fleet. for Guatemalans and promotes compliance with applicable Guatemalan labor legislation, as well as international standards.

Subsequently, Government Agreement 50-2022 was issued, which established the registration of recruiters of Guatemalan workers to provide services abroad as mandatory.

In addition, the Congress of the Republic also approved the Law for the promotion of temporary work abroad Decree 31-2022, which was presented by the Executive Branch, which makes Guatemala a more attractive country for international employers, thereby it potentiates the creation of decent work opportunities for Guatemalans who choose to exercise their right to migrate, in an orderly, safe, regular and, above all, circular manner for work purposes.

The Ministry of Labor and Social Security created the electronic platform for the registration of recruiters, which allows for better control of Guatemalan temporary workers and for citizens interested in a job opportunity abroad, learn which formal recruiting companies operate within the framework of the law to avoid being victims of scams. This platform provides an agile service evaluating

requests within a maximum period of 10 days. Currently, 165 temporary workers are registered by private recruiters.

During 2023, as one of the milestones of commitment number 7 of the Fifth National Open Government Action Plan, in charge of MINTRAB, a reporting tool was incorporated into the platform, which allows the generation of statistical reports that will be published on the website of the labor portfolio, available to the population, academia, civil society, the private sector, among others, freely and free of charge.

What solution do you propose?

Address the problem from various axes: information, training and awareness. Periodically provide statistics related to labor mobility in Guatemala that allow informed decisionmaking, analysis and the generation of new proposals; manage articulated actions aimed at strengthening the capabilities of Guatemalan workers so that they have an attractive occupational profile, according to the demands of the current labor market, which increases their chances of being selected for a job opportunity; accompany the previous actions with communication actions that reinforce the importance of migrating in an orderly, safe, regular and circular way.

What results do we want to achieve with the implementation of this commitment?

Have accurate and periodic data, as well as an articulated mechanism aimed at strengthening the capacities of Guatemalan workers and that people interested in working temporarily abroad are sensitized and informed about the importance of migrating in an orderly manner, safe, regular and circular to minimize the chances of falling victim to scams.

### **ENGAGEMENT ANALYSIS**

How will you promote transparency in engagement? Through the publication of reports on activities and results of the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare related to the promotion of labor mobility. These reports include the actions carried out to achieve the milestones and the budget invested in the Temporary Work Program. The information is also presented in the quarterly accountability report prepared by the Labor portfolio, which shows consistency of the data.

How will engagement help foster accountability?

The Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare publishes the list of recruiting companies that hire Guatemalans to work temporarily abroad that have the respective authorization in accordance with the Law.

This allows the population to know which companies are formal and work within the framework of the law, which minimizes the possibility of them being victims of fraud.

How will citizen participation improve engagement in the definition, implementation and monitoring of solutions?

Citizens will be able to consult the statistical data collected through the electronic platforms related to labor mobility of the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare freely and free of charge with which they can carry out academic work on the subject, analysis and solution proposals based on accurate data. and reliable.

## **ENGAGEMENT PLANNING**

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties				
				Responsik	ole			
Activity 1  Create a monitoring and follow-	a monitoring and follow- dechanism for electronic ms related to labor mobility dakes it possible to identify		Ministr	y of Labo Social -MI				
platforms related to labor mobility that makes it possible to identify			Support	ing stakel	nolders			
and implement improvements or updates.	related to labor mobility September Janua		ements or related to labor mobility september January in the Ministry of Labor 2024 and Social Welfare, which 2023 allow the identification of opportunities for				CSOs	Others
				D 11				
Activity 2							ole y of Labo Social -MII	
Preparation of a monthly statistical report, which will be published on the website of the Ministry of Labor	ed on Labor		which will be published on osite of the Ministry of Labor			Support	ing stakel	nolders
and Social Welfare, on profiles of people who migrate regularly to work abroad temporarily,	Have accurate data that guide decision making,	August 2023		Government	CSOs	Others		
according to the database of the platforms Electronic documents related to labor mobility, which include at least: country where you perform your work, sex, type of visa, age, sector, job you perform, cultural identity with which you self-identify, wages and origin of the worker, among others.	rding to the database of the orms Electronic documents ed to labor mobility, which de at least: country where perform your work, sex, type of age, sector, job you perform, iral identity with which you dentify, wages and origin of							
The report will also include the number of employers, the number of applicants, and the number of people who have been matched.								
				Responsik	ole			
Activity 3				Ministr	y of Labo Social -MII			
Design a mechanism for training and certification of skills within the framework of SINAFOL, in order	Have an institutionalized mechanism that articulates			Support	ing stakel	nolders		
to strengthen the occupational profile of Guatemalans interested in migrating in an orderly, safe, regular and circular manner for work purposes on a temporary basis.	various instances with the common objective of strengthening the capacities of Guatemalan workers.	August 2023	December 2025	Government	CSOs	Others		

Activities	Expected Results	Start Date	End Date	Concerned Parties		
Activity 4  Publish the quarterly accountability report on the Open Government portal, which includes actions of the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare related to labor mobility.	Have information available freely and free of charge on the actions and results of the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare related to labor migration, which facilitates citizen oversight.	August 2023	30 June 2024	Welfare S	ole y of Labo Social -MI ing stakel CSOs	NTRAB
Activity 5  Design and implementation of a campaign on the importance of migrating for work reasons in an orderly, safe, regular and circular way to avoid scams and other occupational risks.	Population informed about how to migrate in an orderly, safe, regular and circular way for work reasons, with less possibilities of being a victim of fraud.	September 2023	December 2025	Welfare S	y of Laboi	NTRAB







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